Watchman

Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XX. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 29, 1888. NO. 13

Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

OH what a Mill!
That tariff bill!

THE tariff bill will die this week.

SPRING is of an unusually retiring disposition this year.

THE Tyrone *Herald* office has received the addition of a new four-horse power engine and boiler.

THERE are some people in New York who are waiting to give Jay Gould a warm reception upon his return.

THE district attorney of New York has succeeded in convicting a man. The fellow was poor and had no influential friends.

W. K. VANDERBILT has imported a $10,000 cook from Paris. Poor man, he has to go to great expense to get anything fit to eat!

THE blizzard cost the Western Union Telegraph Company $40,000,but the company will continue business at the old stand despite its loss.

BOSTON'S explanation that Sullivan was overtrained will be likely to give the modern Athens a reaction against the evils of excessive culture.

MR. JAY GOULD having reached this continent once more, the echo of his footstep on Florida's soil fell with sickening thud on the New York stock market.

MINISTER PHELPS is said to be on his way home from England to accept the appointment of Judge of the Supreme Court. Phelps is somewhat of a toady to aristocracy, but his qualifications fit him for the judicial position.

THE statement that General Badeau furnished the "literary dress" for the Grant memoirs is denied fully by Geo. W. Childs. The telling of the story is General Grant's own personal work and the people will be pleased to know it.

THE Hon. William A. Wallace says that he is not a candidate for delegate-at-large to the Democratic National Convention. Democrats in different parts of the State must wonder what he has been writing them so freely for, after such a declaration.

CONSULS' salaries ought not to be advanced while it is posible to use these posts as the rewards of political service and personal favoritism as Secretary Bayard has done. Politics and not low pay has injured our service and it never had more politics in it than to-day.

ATTORNEY GENERAL GARLAND is the only chief law officer of the Government who has been kept in place when the Supreme Court had solemly declared that cause in which from personal interest he had enlisted the United States as a litigant had no foundation in law or in fact.

THE positive declaration by Senator Voorhees that he would not accept the Democratic nomination for vice-president even it were offered to him narrows the contest for that ephemeral honor down to a still smaller circle. The race for it will be between the dark horses, and the Gray, of Indiana, is a favorite in the pools.

POSTMASTER HARRITY will receive a call next week from three distinguished visitors, members of the United States Senate, who desire to known how he runs the Philadelphia Postoffice. It would be just like Mr. Harrity—jocose soul that he is—to tell the gentlemen, in his droll, joking way, that he doesn't run the establishment at all, but allows it to run itself.

OH, yes; in regard to what Bishop Merrill said about newspapers to the M. E. Conference we have this to say. He would not have made any such statement had the conference been held in Bellefonte. When it comes to newspapers being started merely for the purpose of reporting such gatherings, as was done here last year, it takes the wind all out of the Bishop's sails. Really, now, we rather think that the Williamsport papers needed the reproof.

The Eleventh Census.

That intelligent and careful Democratic member of the House at Washington, Mr. "Sunset" Cox, has introduced a bill for taking the Eleventh Census of the United States. There are comparatively few people, who, perhaps, realize the great amount of labor that is involved in these decennial enumerations. Although nearly two years will yet elapse before the time for taking the next census will come around, it is not too early now to make preparations for the work. Mr. Cox's bill provides for the appointment of a special committee of Congress on this subject. As the eleventh census will show what the United States has done and how it has grown in the one hundred years following the establishment of the Republic, it will not only be more than usually interesting, but will be used to a greater extent than any other census has been for research and comparison.

The experience of Mr. Cox, who has so often, in the performance of his Congressional duties, been obliged to refer to the census reports, is doubtless like many others who have not found them so accurate or so thorough as they might have been. There have, indeed, been many mortifying complaints made of the want of exactness and completeness in the census of 1880. Experts in the science of statistics have repeatedly expressed their opinion that it was undertaken in too ambitious a spirit, and that in the attempt to do everything some things were not done which ought to have been done. The compilers of the last census made the great mistake of endeavoring to be too comprehensive in their investigation, and the result is that some of their work,if not worthless, has failed to be as useful as it should have been. Yet their undertaking was carried on at an enormous expense. The census of 1870, which cost the government $3,360,000, was thought to be a very costly one. But that of 1880 was $4,853,000, or an increase of nearly a million and a half dollars in ten years. In other words, it cost the people nearly ten cents a head in order to find out the extent of their wealth, their productions and their growth in number.

WE cordially endorse the following from the Altoona *Tribune:* "Men who sell diseased meat, impure milk, rancid butter, adulterated food, are public enemies and the laws ought to be so framed as to send them promptly to the penitentiary. There are too many people in this country whose unholy greed leads them to endanger the lives and undermine the health of their customers by the sale of articles of food which are unhealthy. In every case the original sinner, the man who wilfully sells food that is unfit to eat, merits the severest punishment. Leaving meat and groceries out of the question, much of the butter brought to this town by hucksters is poisonous to the human stomach, and some means should be adopted to prevent its sale. The people who send this vile truck to the town evidently have no conscience, for no honest man or woman would be guilty of attempting to market an article whose offenses smell to heaven and whose effects upon its unlucky consumer must be decidedly deleterious."

FORESTS AND FISH.

A dispatch of the 23d of March from Harrisburg says that Governor Beaver issued a proclamation that day designating Friday, April 27, to be observed as Arbor Day. It calls attention to the necessity for increased observation of the general subject of foresting and concludes as follows: "Parents and children, and citizens generally, are recommended to join in the observance of this day, and to seek opportunities and avenues for extending its influences and beneficent results. If the day should not be sufficient for the accomplishment of all that is wished let the work be continued on the following day, and if for any reason it should be found impracticable to observe the day fixed as Arbor Day let the community choose some other day which will be more suitable for the locality.

Has Leased Bedford Springs Hotel.

From the Bedford *Gazette:* President Dalzell and Treasurer Bailey of the Bedford Springs company, and Mr. J. D. McClellan, of Philadelphia, were in Bedford on Saturday. The Springs hotel was leased to Mr. McClellan. Mr. Dalzell said that the company had not yet abandoned the idea of erecting the new buildings this spring, but that the architect had some doubts as to whether the work could be finished in time for the coming season. The matter will be decided this week. The estimate places the cost at $23,000. The report that Mr. Lippincott had secured the exclusive right to sell the water is confirmed. Mr. McClellan and several members of the company will be here next week.

The Centre County Convention.

Considerable importance attaches to the coming county convention of the Republicans of this county. Its importance does not so much concern the local affairs as it does the part to be taken by the Republicans of this county in the politics of the National organization. In this respect Centre county has always had considerable influence, which is increasing as the local organization of the party becomes stronger. The choice of the delegates to the State Convention and of the Congressional Conferees should be the choice of the masses of the party, and the time and place to express your opinion is at the primary elections.

The man who does not do what he can to choose wisely in the personnel of the delegates to the county convention has no right to complain if the convention chooses State delegates or transacts other acts which do not meet his approval. If he does his part at the polls he has reason to be satisfied with himself whether successful or not. Consider that the part which you will take in these preliminary proceedings will extend into the future even to the choice of the Presidential candidate, and in this free country every man has equal influence. Too often we think of our right of franchise only in the act of voting on election day, but far more important is it that this early stage of the proceeding should receive your attention, because on the work which results from it depends the future condition of the party. Not but that success is certain anyway, but a larger measure of success will result from proper action now, and each one is as anxious for a future glory for the Republican party that will correspond with its past honorable record.

HORACE GREELEY.

We feel disappointed. Our serene vision of Horace Greeley, as a hero, has been dissipated. An oracular utterance from the "*Watchman*" has fallen upon our ears like a clap of thunder. We awakke from our blissful dream of hero-worship,and rub our startled eyes to realize that, after all, Greeley was "not a great man." Of course, we accept the *Watchman's* deliverance in the spirit of loyal deference to supreme authority; though we are at a loss to appreciate its logic. Just why Franklin should be made the standard of greatness for the universe, it is not easy to see. We had supposed it possible for a man to be great without being great just as Franklin was;—and particularly when the mission,sphere of action, and historical place of the personage in question were wholly different from those of Franklin. We are afraid, the *Watchman* still bears hard the remembrance of the words attributed, years ago, to Uncle Horace. "I did not say that every Democrat was a," &c.

THE state fishery commission has arranged to stock the streams of Pennsylvania with rock and grass bass, yellow perch and pike from Lake Erie, where they will be caught in seines and placed in the fish commission car for transportation to the several points in the states. Several hundred thousand shad fry will also be placed in the several streams this spring.

The town of Algora, Iowa, is making arrangements for the errection of a great hay palace, which will be a feature of the Kossuth County fair. The sides of the structure will be built of baled hay and the roof will be thatched with prairie grass. The building will be handsomely decorated, and will undoubtedly be a unique attraction.

AGAINST the scheme to make General Neal Dow, of Maine, the Democratic candidate for vice-president we beg leave to file a formal and solemn protest. Not that we question the quality of the General's Democracy for an instant, but in the name of mercy we insist that he is too old a man to be subjected to another thrashing this year.

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE was a man of sterling honor and great intellectual ability. He was much beloved. We believe he was born in Connecticut, but when elected to the Supreme bench about fourteen years ago he was a citizen of Ohio.

THE POWER BEHIND THE GERMAN THRONE.

There is an American woman in Germany who, it is expected, will be a great power in that country after the death of the present Emperor and the accession of the present Crown Prince. The story is told in correspondence from Berlin. She is Mary Lea, Princess of Noer and Countess of Waldersee. Being the rival of the English Empress of Germany she is now meeting with reverses. Count Waldersee, her husband, has been relieved from duty in the War Office and ordered to the command of the Rhine Army Corps. He has evidently been sent out of Berlin, presumably at the instigation of the Empress, in order that the hostile intrigues in the Countess's salon may cease. There is a touch of spitefulness in this action that is characteristic of royal petticoat government.

The Empress may be destined to have a brief reign, but while she is on the throne she apparently intends to direct her husband's policy with as firm a hand as the Czarina controls her chief vassal, the sovereign of all the Russias. When the end comes and there is another stately pageant in Unter den Linden, the banished American, Mary Lea, will triumph over her and assist the present Crown Princess in managing the next Emperor and in turning the English out of court, bag and baggage. The Count will then return from the Rhine a Field Marshal and the Countess will rise to the majestic heights of her ambition.

Mary Lea's history is wonderful. She is the daughter of David Lea, a New York banker. She was created by the Emperor of Austria the Princess Von Noer in her own sight on the occasion of her morganatic marriage with Prince Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein. By her first marriage she became one of the richest women in Europe, with connections with the royal house of Schleswig-Holstein and with the Noer estate at her disposal when her aged husband died. Young, charming and beautiful, she was ambitious of playing a great part in German society and politics. In Count Waldersee she discerned with unerring instinct a soldier of splendid promise, and as his wife she has been for many years one of the leaders of aristocratic society in Berlin. Her second husband won great distinction in the campaigns with Austria and France, became a favorite with both Prince Bismarck and Count Von Moltke and an intimate friend of Prince William. When Emperor William died the Count was practically in command of the German army, being Count Von Moltke's deputy with the title of Quartermaster General. The Countess's salon has been one of the gathering-places of rank and fashion, and has been frequented especially by German statesmen, generals and nobles who look with disfavor upon the present Empress and her English circle of admirers and partisans. When the present Crown Princess was received with coolness by her royal mother-in-law, and Prince William was lectured and snubbed by his father, the Countess took compassion on them and made them the central figures in her set, thereby incurring the enmity of all the Anglo-Germans. Her influence over the Prince is strengthened by ties of relationship, since by her first marriage she is the grandaunt of the Crown Princess. But the real secret of her power in society and politics is inherent energy of character directed by ambition.

The relations now existing between the present Emperor and the future Emperor are not very agreeable. Father and son are not in accord, and the Empress is mainly responsible for the breach of affection. Prince William is markedly hostile to the English ideas and tendencies which his father and mother are reputed to favor. Countess Waldersee has exerted great influence over him in exciting his prejudices against the English circle in Berlin and also against the Hebrew element; and it was from her salon that he drove recently to Dr. Stoecker's mission. She and her husband are not only the Prince's confidential advisers, but they enjoy the favor of Count Von Moltke, Prince Bismarck and the most powerful aristocratic houses in Germany. The American, Mary Lea, is destined to be the power behind the throne when the present ill-fated reign comes to an end, and Prince William succeeds to the Imperial title bent upon governing Germany for the Germans.

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE died suddenly last week in Washington. Among the most curious results of his death was the effect it had on the price of the Bell Telephone stock. The Supreme Court stood 4 to 3 against those who have been claiming the patent. The Chief Justice's death leaves the remaining judges equally divided on the question. Therefore, the appointment of a new judge will be interesting in its reference to his probable opinion of this famous case.

A DANGEROUS CLAUSE.

The political and sectional character of the Mills Tariff bill has been sufficiently commented upon, and the fact has been noted that the Ways and Means Committee, in order to secure the votes of certain sections, has conceded a number of changes. The majority had gone as far as they dared to go in demanding absolute free trade, and finding that they could not command the support of certain Democratic Representatives unless they withdrew certain articles from the free list altogether and modified the reductions in other articles, the concessions referred to were made by the committee.

There is no doubt, however, that the very persons whose requests are being thus granted, and the particular interests pretended to be benefited, will be wofully deceived if the bill is suffered to pass in the shape in which it leaves the committee. The Philadelphia *Press* directs attention to a very dangerous clause, the retention of which will seriously affect all coal and iron-producing regions. The bill makes free "mineral substances in a crude state and metals unwrought not specially enumerated or provided for," and there is a clause repealing all laws inconsistent with it.

What would be the effect of the passage of the clause above quoted? Says our contemporary: "Bituminous coal is a "mineral substance in a crude state." So is iron ore. Suppose a Treasury decision held that the later and broader designation repealed the duty levied by the earlier and narrower one? Bituminous coal would be free. Iron ore would be free. Canadian coal would take possession of New England and the lake ports. English coal would pour into Southern ports. Iron ore would meet domestic ores at the seaboard and inland. Mines would be closed in every State in the Union which produces bituminous coal and iron ore."

Those who are familiar with the methods which importers employ to evade the force of tariff provisions, and who have the slightest knowledge of the rulings of the Treasury Department, will be willing to admit that a clause like this would be fraught with danger to the interest involved. There are many other just such uncertain and equivocal provisions as this in the bill, and those who support it under the belief that coal, iron ore and other articles are going to be amply protected, will find their mistake when the subject has passed beyond their control. The only safety is in insisting upon a specific duty in clear and unmistakable terms.

THE death of Henry Bergh closes a career that was unique. Philanthropists are not uncommon, fortunately for the waifs and strays of humanity. But Mr. Bergh was a philanthropist who taught a new gospel, and who had the rare gratification of seeing it universally accepted, and of knowing that his efforts had produced an ameliorating effect upon the civilization of the whole continent. The danger seems to be that we shall underestimate his work rather than overestimate it. The apparent tendency is, while giving him credit for great achievements to lay undue stress upon his occasional exhibitions of zeal that seemed extravagant to others. In any large view of the subject those ought to be soon lost to sight. The good results of his mission are almost incalculable. The idea to which he devoted his life was not original with him, but was derived from observation of a similar work in England. It is safe to say, however, that he carried it out with a thoroughness not known in the home of its origin. It is due to his labors, his enthusiasm, the use of his private fortune, that now hardly any good sized town in the United States is without its Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and not only every State has its code of humane laws,but South American countries as well.

SPEAKER CARLISLE'S remarks that he has never been particularly determined about placing wool on the free list is sheer heresy and revolution as viewed from an Administration standpoint. Mr. Cleveland in his Free-trade message staked the entire contest on wool. Is he now to be betrayed and fleeced by black sheep treachery in his own flock?

GENERAL NOTES.

Minneapolis reports 116 days of sleighing so far this winter.

An ostrich farm of 250 acres is projected near Red Bluff, Cal.

Philadelphia claims a number of ladies who play billiards skillfully.

Mrs. Nancy Coley, of Easton, Conn., is 105 years old and has taken snuff for 90 years.

Grandma Lucretia Nichols, of Decatur, Ill., is 102 years of age, and smokes a pipe every day.

Mrs. Sarah P. Bartlett, of Hope, Me., is 80 years old, and has just taken her first spoonful of medicine.

A Philadelphia oculist declares that the use of opera glasses strains the optic nerves and injures the eyesight.

An oyster, the shell of which measured 10 by 12 inches, was recently seen in Baltimore. It weighed 5½ ounces.

Mr. Hamilton, of Beaver township, Crawford county, has a sheep that recently gave birth to four fine healthy lambs.

Ten cents an acre was all a farm of 954 acres brought recently in Greene county, Alabama, when sold under mortgage.

Four wildcats were captured by a party of hunters from Milbridge, Me., the other day. The largest was four feet and ten inches long.

There are about 70 kindergartens in Philadelphia, 14 of which are free, being supported by charity, 26 are under the public school system, and 30 are private.

It has been estimated by competent authority that 132,000 tons of fish are annually disposed of at Billingsgate, London, the largest fish market in the world.

Solomon Sapp, of Princeton, Ill., 83 years of age, and Mrs. Thomas Stevens, 75 years old, were married the other day by Rev. O. A. Walker, whose age is 84 years.

James Kerr, who died the other day in Ralls county, Missouri, was in his 103d year. He was able to read the finest print without spectacles up to the time of his death.

Elijah Lamar and wife, of Mt. Carmel, Ky., are among the oldest residents of that region. Mr. Lamar is 97 years old and his wife is 96. They have been married 76 years.

J Jerolomon, of Bath, N. Y., was married for the seventh time last Friday. He is 70 years of age. His heroic enthusiasm as regards matrimony grows not "dim with the mist of years."

After a happy married life of 54 years, an old couple living near Hickman, Ky., have separated because of incompatibility of temper. Husband and wife are each more than 70 years old.

At an adjourned town meeting held in Lee, N. H., the other day, Mrs. Rebecca Bennett was chosen moderator, the first time a woman was ever called upon to preside at such a meeting in the State.

A Syracuse burglar had been all through the house, and then sat down to rest a bit before going off with the swag. There was a carpet tack in the chair, and the yell he uttered awoke the people and he had to clear out.

Bob and Ben Day, of Conyers, Ga., have trapped 64 beavers and 4 otters on Georgia streams during the last three months, besides a number of small animals. They will realize $400 from the furs which the animals yielded.

After Springfield, Mass., had been blockaded for three days a trainboy arrived there, having in his possession a solitary copy of a Boston newspaper. He was a shrewd youngster, so he put it up at auction and disposed of it for $1.25.

Cyphert P. Gillette, of What Cheer, Iowa, is to receive from the Government $16,000 besides a monthly pension of $72. This, it is said, is the largest sum ever paid to a private soldier as a pension. Gillette is totally blind, and his pension claim had been pending since 1873.

The Horsethief Detective Association of Illinois, 25 in number, have just met in Champaign, and have organized a grand lodge of the fraternity, to be known as the Illinois State Detective Association. The association will cooperate with similar associations in other States.

The ducks of Mrs. Joseph Cromwell, of Xenia, O., somehow got it into their heads that Easter was approaching, and began laying colored eggs. Up to date three of these natural curiosities have been produced. The shell of one is pale green, another is ashen gray, and a third is perfectly black.

It has been figured out by a statistical official that there are 31 criminals to every 1,000 bachelors, and only 11 criminals to every 1,000 married men. From this showing he argues that matrimony restrains men from crime, and ought, therefore, to be encouraged by legislation and otherwise.

An apple in just as palatable a condition as when picked from the tree was found at a depth of 15 feet while excavating for a bridge foundation in Gardner, Me. How it got there is a problem. Somebody has hinted, sarcastically, that perhaps if the diggers continue they will come upon the tree.

Having been married seven times, Harrison Hogan, of Ball Creek, Ind., found it easy enough to get the best of the Sheriff's officers, whom he held at bay for a long time in his barricaded house. Finally three deputies, disguised as tramps, gained admission and asked for food, and in this way took Hogan off his guard.

Poetry.

The Battle of Bones.

How many bones in the human face?
Fourteen when they're all in place.

How many bones in the human head?
Eight, my child, as I've often said.

How many bones in the human ear?
Three in each and they help to hear.

How many bones in the human spine?
Twenty-six, like a climbing vine.

How many bones in the human chest?
Twenty-four ribs and two of the rest.

How many bones the shoulders bind.
Two in each—one before, one behind.

How many bones in the human arm?
In each arm one; two in each forearm.

How many bones in the human wrist?
Eight in each; if none are missed.

How many bones in the palm of the hand?
Five in each with many a band.

How many bones in the human hip?
One in each like a dish they dip.

How many bones in the human thigh?
One in each and deep they lie.

How many bones in the human knee?
One in each, the knee plan, please.

How many bones in the leg from the knees?
Two in each, we can plainly see.

How many bones in the ankle strong?
Seven in each, but none are long.

How many bones in the ball of the foot?
Five in each, as the palms, were put.

How many bones in the toe—half a score?
Twenty-eight, and there are no more.

And now, altogether, these many bones fix.
And they count, in the body, two hundred and six.

And then we have the human mouth, too,
Of upper and under, thirty-two.

And now and then have a bone, I should think,
That forms on a joint, or to fill up a chink.

A sesamoid bone, or a Wormian we call,
And now we may rest, for we've told them all.

Our Story Teller

THE YOUNG WIFE.

"I don't like you! I wish I had never married you!" cried Elfrie Saybrooke, passionately. "Let go of my hand! I don't want you to come near me!"

She was only 16, this beautiful passionate young creature with the blue, glittering eyes and red lips and hair like golden mist—and Colonel Saybrooke looked down upon her with grave astonishment. Elfrie had often been in a "temper" with him, but never one like this.

"Elfrie!"

"Don't call me Elfrie! don't look at me," she sobbed. "You don't love me—you won't let me go the opera with Ralph Eytinge!"

"No, Elfrie, but——"

"I want to go home to mamma. I wish I had never left mamma. You are too old and cross and sour for me!"

"Elfrie raved on in her ecstacy of childish anger, never for an instant noticing the stern, settled pallor that had come over her husband's face. He rang the bell.

"Send the close carriage round to the door, Hammond. Your mistress wishes to go to her mother's"

Presently Hammond came, with the announcement that the carriage was ready. Elfrie perched a tiny velvet hat, surrounded by a blue-bird's wing, on the top of her yellow hair, and a costly cashmere scarf round her shoulders, as she rose.

"You will tell me good-by, Elfrie?"

But Elfrie never turned her head. She was a spoiled child, both by temperament and education, and as yet Hyde Saybrooke had failed to find the key to her nature.

He sat silent and sorrowful after she had gone.

"She is right," he suddenly exclaimed, "I ought never to have married her. I am too old, too grave, too dreamy. She is a thing of light and air and sunshine—and I have done her injustice in forcing her into an unequal match, may God pardon me."

Elfrie was sitting ready shawled and wrapped up, waiting for the carriage to bring her home that evening, when Mr. Fortescue, the old family lawyer, walked in.

Elfrie started up, pale and trembling, for there was a nameless something in Mr. Fortescue's face.

"Oh, Mr. Fortescue, what is it? Something has happened to Hyde? He is ill—perhaps dead!"

"Neither one nor the other, my dear child," said the old man. "I am merely the bearer of a note from your husband."

And breaking open the sealed missive, Elfrie read that Hyde Saybrooke, weary of the perpetual commotion of his domestic circle, and painfully conscious that there existed a disparity between himself and his beautiful young bride, in other and more serious respects than that of age had decided to leave her.

"Not because I do not love you, dear Elfrie, more tenderly than ever," he wrote, "but because I would fain tone, in so far as it is possible, for the grave mistake which has overshadowed your future and blighted my own life. You will be happier without me, and as for myself, I must expect to reap what I have sown; the bitterness of a cup, which few men are called up to drink. You will be left rich—may you enjoy the wealth which has never done me any good! Dearest Elfrie, goodbye, and think sometimes of me, as one who loved you very dearly—who will love you forever!"

Elfrie handed the letter to her mother, with a hand that shook like an aspen leaf.

"Read it, mamma, and tell me what does it mean! Has he gone? Has he left me? Oh, tell them to call him back again—to tell him I never meant it! For I did love him, mamma—I was learning to love him so dearly?"

And Elfrie sank white and senseless to the floor.

She had had her way. She was back once more in the home of her girlhood, freed from every shackle, except that of a name, while Hyde Saybrooke's money made a sort of golden halo about her footsteps. Yet—such is the inconsistency of woman—she was miserable."

"Elfrie," said her mother, gravely, "I don't know what to make of you. You are not a bit like yourself."

"I hope I never shall be, mamma," said Elfrie, with a slight shudder. "My old self, as you call it, broke a noble heart and darkened my nature—let me now study for a new self."

"But, Elfrie, you are independent now!"

"I was more than independent before, mamma, had I but known it."

"And Colonel Saybrooke certainly was——"

"Hush, mamma!" Elfrie held up her finger, while a scarlet glow overspread her cheek; "not even from you will I hear a word of disparagement of the noblest and truest man that ever breathed upon this earth!"

And Mrs. Percy, who was a gay widow, with a certain shallowness of nature which Elfrie fortunately had not inherited, shrugged her shoulders.

"It's a pity you hadn't found it out before."

Elfrie burst into passionate tears and hid her face in her hands. Alas! was she not daily and hourly becoming more cognizant of the fact embodied in her mother's words?

"At last," she said, with a quivering lip, "I can study to become more worthy of the love he once lavished on me!"

"But you will lay off that mourning dress, Elfrie? It looks so strange. People make remarks! And after all you are not a widow."

"Not a widow—but worse," Elfrie said smiling faintly. "Let them talk, mamma. I shall always dress in black until—until they put me in the white muslin shroud that is the end of all things."

"This is strange talk, Elfrie, for a girl of 16!"

"Is it, mamma? But you see I feel at least 60!"

And young Mrs. Saybrooke kept rigorously to her word. She attended no more parties, went to no more balls, operas nor concerts, but moved like a gentle young Sister of Mercy through scenes of trial, woe and suffering. Her soul was daily becoming refined in the alchemic fires of self-denial and charity—and Hyde Saybrooke would scarcely have known his butterfly bride now.

"I told her how it would be!" cried Mrs. Percy, fretfully. "Poking about in those nasty tenement houses where nobody ever goes but the tax-collectors and the missionaries—and now she is down with the fever."

A film came over Mr. Fortescue's eyes.

"She has followed in her Master's footsteps," he said solemnly, "and if it leads her to the very gates of the grave, who shall dare to murmur?"

But there came a time when the angel Azrael folded his pinions across the threshold, and then there was a new watch at Elfrie's bedside; one who never tired out, neither grew weary, for the might of love upheld him! And at last she opened her eyes, pale emaciated and weak as an infant, but with the burning fever gone.

"Mamma!" she murmured faintly, "I have had such a sweet dream! It seemed to me that Hyde was beside me, pressing my hand, whispering to me! Oh, if I could have died then! Oh, Hyde, my husband!"

"Elfrie!"

He was bending over her, his dark, sad eyes looking into hers.

"I meant only to see her once, and then to go—but Elfrie, I could not leave, until I knew you were safe!"

"Dearest, you must never leave me," she uttered; "I have learned to value and love you at last. Oh, my husband, it is like welcoming you back from the grave!"

"Shall I stay Elfrie? Do you love me at last?"

And to both of the earnestly uttered questions she answered:

"Yes."

Colonel Saybrooke was happy at last. He had lost his wild little Elfrie, but in her place was a tender, true-souled woman.

For Elfrie had discovered at last that she had a heart.

Why There is More Spring this Year

"Daniel."

"Yes, sire."

"We are having some nice spring weather now."

"Yes, sire. That is natural. In fact we ought to have more spring this year than last."

"Wherefore, Daniel?"

"It is leap year, you knyw."

"I get your views," as the constable said, when he levied on a stereoscopic show.

Confounding the Language.

Senator Harris said in debate recently; "I make this statement in bona fide good faith." This reminded Senator Palmer of a motion made by a colored man in a Michigan State convention to "adjourn sine die till tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock." It also recalls the motion of Belford, the "red headed rooster of the Rockies," made in the House once, "that Congress adjourn sine die." Of course the motion was followed by general laughter. Belford rubbed his eyes and said: "I move this House do now adjourn bona fide." At this there was a perfect uproar on the floor of the House and in the galleries. As soon as Mr. Belford could make himself heard, he "braced up" and said: "Mr. Speaker, I move that we just purely and simply adjourn."

I remember another incident in Belford's congressional career, when he pointed to a fellow member, and with withering scorn exclaimed: "There he sits mute, silent and dumb."

"Yes," remarked a neighbor of Belford's amid the silence which followed, this crushing arraingment, "and he ain't saying a word."

That "brought down" the house.

Queer Looking Horses.

Chicago News.

They have a peculiar way of clipping the hunting horses in Gloucestershire. They clip the horse's body only, and leave the legs covered with hair. The country has a great deal of limestone, and it was found that where the legs of the horses were clipped the gritty mud soon made their legs sore. This fashion gave the horses, however, a very peculiar appearance. The clipping of a bright bay gives him in the first place a mouse color. The leaving of the hair upon the horses' legs give them the appearance of having on boots. To see a mouse-colored horse with high, reddish boots on, bearing on his back a vociferous rider, coming at a great stride across the green downs, strikes one strangely.

Uniontown, Fayette County, has quite a sensation in gas and the coal dealers' occupation will be gone. The Southwest Natural Gas Company piped the town last summer, and are now supplying it to customers, and it is estimated their yearly income is about $20,000. The Fayette Gas company, composed of young business men of Uniontown, bought a heavy gasser last fall near that place, and now propose to furnish gas to every person in Uniontown, to manufacturers, etc., free of charge if the Council will pipe the town. The proposition was accepted by a unanimous vote. A similar plan works like a charm at Findlay, Ohio.

A recent analysis of the population of Kansas reveals the fact that Missouri has contributed almost twice as many people to that commonwealth as any State in the Union. Ohio has sent 74,633 emigrants to Kansas, while Missouri, which is the only State that exceeds that number, furnishes 136,725. The New Englanders in the State number 10,782. The total number of persons of foreign birth is 60,218.

Andrew J. Blackbird, a son of the famous Indian chief Blackhawk, living at Horlor Springs, Michigan, has written a history of the Ottawa and Chippewa tribe that will soon be published. Blackbird is a well educated man, having been a diligent student at the Ypsilanti Normal School in his youth. He expects also to publish some day a treatise on the language of his tribe.

Guzman Blanco, who at the present time is the prominent figure in Venezuela, is described as a handsome man of venerable appearance, who possesses great ability, unbounded ambition, and inordinate conceit. He is enormously wealthy and gave $500,000 to his daughter on her marriage to a French nobleman.

Miss Clara—Have you met Count Shoreroffsky, Mr. Featherly?

Mr. Featherly—Yes, last evening.

Miss Clara—He has a great deal of dignity of manner.

Mr. Featherly (who is nothing if not funny)—Yes, most Russians are cold and distant, you know, Miss Clara.

One of the finest collections of autographs in the West is that owned by the Chicago confectioner, Gunther. He has also a valuable museum of ancient armor, historical bric-a-brac and curiosities in general on which he has spent $100,000. In the collection is a genuine mummy of an Egyptian princess.

Perhaps the richest colored woman in the South is Mrs. Amanda Ewlambs, of Atlanta, Georgia, whose fortune is estimated at $400,000. Mrs. H. White, of Mobile, a colored woman, is worth $40,000, and there are several other rich colored women in the South.

Patron to hotel clerk—Just send my breakfast up to my room. Clerk—We haven't any dumb-waiters in this hotel. Patron—Maybe not, but I've noticed you have some mighty deaf ones.

The poet who burns the "midnight oil" is kept awake by the muse. It's the same was with a man who keeps a cat.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

High License.

JUDGE JAMES BAKER.

The new scheme, concocted in the interest of the ltquor traffic, to counteract the great prohibition movement now agitating the country, a scheme known as the "high license system," is more detrimental to the cause of temperance and more helpful to the traffic than low licenses. All the objections that can be urged against the latter apply with equal force to the former.

The drink traffic is generally conceded to be the greatest vice of the age, and the prolific source of three-fourths of all other crimes and vices. It greatly injures the public health and morals, and disturbs the peace and security of the people, and hence has been properly denominated a "public nuisance" by the highest tribunal of the land. To legalize and license the iniquity is a sin against God and man.

Vice should never be legalized or licensed, and especially this greatest of vices, the mother of crimes. To license it tends to make it respectable and popular. It stupefies the consciences of men by familiarizing them with vice and crime. Those who buy indulgences feel under no obligations to conform to the restraining provisions of the law, and hence the traffic has become an outlaw. All licensed saloons are in the habit of violating the laws repeatedly, thereby committing with impunity, many crimes every day. This creates in their minds a contempt for all penal laws, and familiarizes the mass of the people with lawlessness. Because of this condition of lawlessness, a great many good people have come to the conclusion that no effectual protection can be secured to the public, and that all that can be done is to secure a division of the spoils.

Those who give their votes and influence in favor of licensing this iniquity, and sharing the profits, are parties to the crime, and responsible for its consequences. This is true whether they believe it or not. Ignorance of the law excuses no man from the consequences of his acts, and God requires of every man a belief of the *truth*, as a condition of salvation. The receiver of goods obtained by theft, robbery, or other crimes, is, by law, as guilty as the principal offender.

Every objection that may be urged to the license system, generally applies with all its force to the high license iniquity with many more. It does not decrease drunkenness or the amount of liquor consumed. The result of the experiment in Nebraska, Missouri, Minnesota and in this state, proves that it increases both. Hon. Samuel W. Packard of Chicago, in a carefully prepared statement of the beer traffic in that city, shows that in 1883, the last year under low license, the number of barrels of beer consumed was 963,552, for which the consumer paid $23,127,648. That in the year 1887 there was consumed $1,674,146 barrels, for which the consumers paid over $40,000,000, being an increase of over eighty per cent. During the same period the increase in arrests for drunkenness and disorderly conduct was fifty-three per cent. This is Chicago's beer bill alone. If we add to it the expenditures for distilled and vinous liquors the aggregate will be more than one hundred million dollars per annum for that single city. In 1883 the number of saloons was 3,682; for 1887, 3,193. No sane man will claim that high license lessens the appetite for drink, or the opportunity to indulge it. The price per drink is just the same. The large additional sum paid into the public treasury as blood money, is not made up by an increase in the price, but in the quantity consumed. The dealer must have his money back off his customers, and is stimulated to greater exertions to secure new customers, and a greater consumption by his old ones. New expedients are resorted to in order to attract customers. Annexes are fitted up for gambling and for prostitution. Although high license reduces the number of saloons but little, if any, it does change the character of the saloons and the personnel of the dealers. It drives out of the business men of limited means, who do but a small business and, therefore, but little injury, and not those who keep "lower dives." It is the latter that can best afford to pay the license, for they have the hard drinkers and sots for their customers, each of whom drinks ten times to a moderate drinker's once, and is, therefore, worth to the saloon keeper as much as ten moderate drinkers. Men of more means and more fertile in resources take the place of those of small means, and hasten to increase their business by recruiting more customers and improving those they have. They sell cheaper and adulterated liquors, and resort to many other expedients to make good their additional expenditures.

The friends of this measure chiefly rely on the large amount of revenue derived from it as its justification. As a revenue system it is simply infamous It is generally conceded that one half of the money expended for liquors is paid by wage workers. If the liquor bill of Chicago is one hundred million dollars, it is safe to say the laboring men pay fifty millions and thus furnish one-half of the large sum paid in that city as revenue. The burdens of government should be borne by the rich, not the poor. A proposition to take from the working classes such large sums of money in any other way would be denounced by everybody as brutal in the extreme It takes the bread out of the mouths and clothes off the backs of the poor, helpless women and children; intensifies the hardships and sufferings of the poor; contributes ignorance, degradation, and want. The Christian people of this land should not tolerate such gross injustice and cruelty.

The object of the friends of high license is to defeat the movement of the people in favor of prohibition. It is hoped that the large sums of money so obtained will debauch the conscience of the people to such an extent as to reconcile them to all the iniquities of the rum traffic. In this respect they will be disappointed. Our people are not so easily bribed as that; they will soon comprehend fully this great iniquity, and the organized villainy that urges it. As abundant evidence that high license is in the interest of the liquor traffic, the reader is referred to the letters of the president of two of the largest distilleries in the country, to a letter of the secretary of Dick Bros. Brewing Company, and one of C. Metz, of the Metz Brewing Company in Omaha, recently published in the *Voice*, and to the Chicago *Tribune* of late date all of whom favor high license as the best law for the liquor trade that has been devised. Can it be possible that honest, temperance men in view of such outspoken advocacy of the measure by those so extensively engaged in the traffic, and by their leading organ can much longer favor such a "delusion and a snare."

Any fool can farm—so long as his money and credit last.

Watter is often mistaken for disease among the new litters.

The crop that makes the profit is the crop that beats the average.

Tiling has doubled some men's farms—not broader, but twice as deep.

Straight rows are more pleasing to the eye and less tiresome to the hand.

"An egg trust is forming" says a Chicago paper. Shell this be endured and no man rise to break it, or throw off the yoke.

A labor writer asks; "What luxury can the common ditch-digger claim as his own?" Dear man, be can take his pick.

Old Philip Winebiddle, the founder of the Winebiddle estate in East Liberty, Pa., bought 100 acres of land where the city of Erie now stands sixty years ago and paid $500 for it. Almost before the ink was dry on the papers he made up his mind that he had been swindled, but thirty years later the land could not be bought for $2,000,000, and it is now worth $3,000,000.

Old John Markley, the first engineer ever employed by the Germantown and Norristown road, one of the pioneer railroads in the country, is living at an advanced age in Germantown. In the early days the company was too poor to pay his wages in cash, and persuaded him instead to accept stock in the road, which was then worth 37 cents a share. The stock is to-day worth $120 a share, and Markley has a fortune of $100,000.

A sensation was caused in a court room at Bonham, Texas, during the trial of James Scarlett for murder, by the sudden entrance of Andy Lacefield, who, it was supposed, had been killed by the prisoner at the bar in 1885. Lacefield was shot through the head and thrown overboard from a steamboat. He bears the scars inflicted by Scarlett, and says he wishes now he had staid away till his assailant could have been hanged.

Colonel Nisscher, the humorous poet of St. Joseph, Missouri, was appointed mail agent on a Western road some years ago, but had hardly entered on his duties which "money package was stolen from his car, and he had some difficulty in satisfying the department that it was not his fault. A few days later his train left the track and he sustained a broken ankle. He then sent in his resignation, with the words: "I am tired of holding a position where I have one foot in the penitentiary and the other in the grave."

A large gray animal with a fierce looking head and short tail has been frequently seen of late in the outskirts of Biddeford and Saco, Maine. A Mr. Hanson, who saw him recently, says the animal slowly trotted through the yard and disappeared in the darkness, occasionally giving out a screech, which echoed through the woods and sounded like a human being in distress. Others residing in that section testify to having been startled by the terrible cry in the woods that same night. The animal is supposed to be what the Maine hunters call an "Indian devil."

Sorts.

Before making fruit cake current expenses must be considered.

People will be anxious to learn what effect the great storm has had upon the peach crop.

Mamma—Who dwelt in the Garden of Eden, Freddie? Freddie—Oh, I know, the Adamses!

Farmers are beginning to look at their plows, turn them over, and examine into their condition.

Apple green will be the spring color, but only girls with fresh pink and white complexion can wear it.

It is very improper for winter to sit in the lap of spring the way he's doing without brushing the snow off his pants.

Doctor: "Well perhaps, Mrs Edringham, you eat between meals?" Mrs. E.: "Oh, no, sah; 'cept ob course I eat dinnah 'tween breakfas' an' supper, and so on."

Chicago Lady (to husband); "My dear, did you think to order a ton of coal to-day?" Husband; "Yes." Chicago Lady; "And my shoes?" Husband; "Yes, and (peering out of the window) there is a truck backing up to the door now, but it's too dark to see whether it has the coal or the shoes."

Photographer (to sister); "I saw you at church last Sunday, Miss Smith, and also your friend, Miss Brown—if you could raise your chin a trifle, thanks—and what an atrocious-looking hat she had on." (After a pause.) "There, Miss Smith, it is over, and I think we have caught a very pleasant expression."

Moritz Gottlieb Saphir spent some time in the capital of a very small principality. One day he chanced to make an extremely witty remark which was received with so much disapproval that the prince instantly commanded that "Saphir should quit the country in three days." The latter requested an audience with the royal personage, and said; "If your Highness will step out on your balcony, you will see me step across the frontiers of the country at once."

In the police court the other day a witness returned such "queer" answers that the opposing counsel arose and said

"Your Honor, I believe that man is evading the truth!"

"Witness, you must answer all questions truthfully," admonished the Court.

"Yes, sir, I intend to, but give me a little time. I'm all out of practice, you know!"

The principal of a public school in Pennsylvania recently wrote to Nathaniel Hawthorne, asking for his autograph. He said that they proposed to hold a literary fair to get money for a school library. They evidently need a library. The ignorance of this principal reminds one of the society lady in London. "Who is this Dean Swift they were talking about?" she asked a friend; "I would like to invite him to one of my receptions." "Alas, madame," replied the other, "the Dean did something that has shut him out of society." "Dear me! what was that?" "Well, about a hundred years ago he died."

Emperor William lived an economical and abstemious life, and left a private fortune of $12,960,000. How it is to be divided is not stated, but it is presumed that his descendants and relatives will not be allowed to suffer.

Seven new Republican newspapers have been established in North Carolina during the last two months. Those seven will be leaven for the lump of North State politics.

Men who bite off more than they can chew are no worse than those who want to chew more than they can bite off.

An Ohio man who had been a lone widower for two weeks met a fascinating widow and married her after an acquaintance of ten minutes.

"Where do all the napkins go?" asks a restaurant man. "The guests walk away with them thinking they are their own handkerchiefs," answers another hash house keeper.

The minister was dining with the family, and he said to Bobby, with an amused smile: "I'm afraid, Bobby, that you haven't the patience of Job." "No, sir," responded Bobby, who was hungry, "but Job wasn't always helped last."

A parent had a son who took piano lessons at Professor Zewelbser's house, but was supposed to do his practising on the piano at home. The parent had a suspicion that the youth did not practise much. One day he said: "Tommy, do you practise regular on on the piano when I am down town?" "Yes, pa." "Every day?" "Yes, pa." "How long did you practise yesterday?" "Two hours." "And to-day?" "Three hours." I am glad to hear that you practise so regularly." "Yes, pa." "And the next time you practise be sure to unlock the piano. Here is the key. I locked the piano and put the key in my pocket a week ago."

Medical, Etc.

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Interesting Exercises.

The exercises in the High School on Friday afternoon were, as usual, intertaining and profitable. The choir began them with the excellent selection, "Let the Hills and Vales Resound." "The Neck," an essay by Chas. Garner, '91, proved highly humorous, being spiced with numerous puns. "Broken Resolutions" was an essay which Sam Rowe, '91, delivered very creditably. Next was a recitation, "The Island," by Flora Meyer, '91. Another recitation followed, "The King and the Goose Herd," by May Taylor, '91. Emma Yerger's, '89, essay was entitled "Florida." "Charles Machree" was recited by Elsie Herkhimer, '91. Geo. Graham, '91, in an essay told of "Executions." "The Serpent of the Still," was the striking subject of Marion Nevling's, '90, essay. "Lafayaette," of which name patriotic Americans never seem to tire, was the subject of Stella Nolan's '91, essay. In her recitation, May Woodring, '89, told "The Station Agent's Story;" then George Brandon, '91, read an essay on "Ironclads" and afterwards Bridgie Curry, '89, recited "The Dead Child's Ford," A. J. Crusse, Jr., '89, next stepped to the platform and delivered a declamation on "Resistance to Oppression." He was followed by Emma Herkhimer, 88, in an essay on "Old Age." "Love,s Task" was the recitation delivered by Bella Barnhart, '88. H. E. Jenkins, '88, read an essay on "Charles Hastings." Jennie Fauble, '89, recited "Jennie MacNeal's Ride," E. P. Butts, '88, read an essay on "The Rhine," and C. T. Noll, '89, declaimed "The Prarie Fire." Jennie Crittenden, '88, read for her essay, "The Future of America." She was followed by Laura Hafer, '90, in a recitation on "The Drunkard's Dream," and H. J. DeSylvia, '90, and Fannie Twitmire, 90, concluded the exercises, the former with an essay on "Edison" and the latter with an essay on Edison's invention, "The Telephone."

In Memory of a Child.

On Tuesday afternoon, Russell, the two-year-old child of John Kelley, died in Coleville, of brain fever. The funeral occurred on Thursday afternoon, when the little household treasure was laid away from sight, the spirit returning to Heavenly care while the earthly casket was consigned to the cold ground in the Catholic cemetery. Surely, the dispensations of Providence which remove pure, innocent children before they are contaminated by the things of time, are not without their blessing. We can truly exclaim:

Dear, dear little fingers, so dimpled and still,
Are your loving caresses all o'er?
Oh, darling small feet, like marble so chill,
Shall we hear your sweet patter no more?
To the Saviour our baby, so helpless and weak,
Has gone from our sight all alone
Our poor little lamb, will Thou tenderly seek
And comfort and keep him thine own,
Till we find him again, Oh Shepherd Divine;
In a home that's fond and true—even thine?

—Mr. Hardman P. Harris was —— years of age on Thursday. In fact, it happened to be the anniversary of the birthday of several of Hardman's young gentlemen acquaintances. So he made the event notable by entertaining several of his young gentlemen friends including the others who were rejoicing over their birthdays. About sixteen were present and, despite the absence of the fairer sex, they aver that they had a royal good time. Perhaps they called it an elevated tea, and it is a relief to know that the ladies are not the only ones who have "high teas." It is suggested that when the other young men have birthdays they also entertain their gentlemen friends in this model way—a pertinent suggestion in leap year.

—Mr. Stewart and B. K. Jameson, of Philadelphia, arrived in Bellefonte on Saturday and at 11 o'clock they in company with several of the business men of Bellefonte were at the Valentines' furnace, conducted by the Centre Mining Company, where a very successful casting took place. Adjutant General Hastings presided as master of ceremonies and addresses were delivered by quite a number of gentleman. The occasion was a notable one and in keeping with the importance of what the event signalized.

—Several of the papers hereabouts are commenting on the recent declaration of Bishop Merrill to the Central Pennsylvania M. E. conference that the press does not devote sufficient space to reporting Methodist matters. We shall not give our opinion of the good Bishop's declaration, but if there is any enthusiastic Methodist around here that cares to have anything in reference to his or her church reported just let him bring it to this office and see if we don't report it in full and add a little.

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Mrs. Graham, Philipsburg, is visiting at the residence of Mr. Morrison here.

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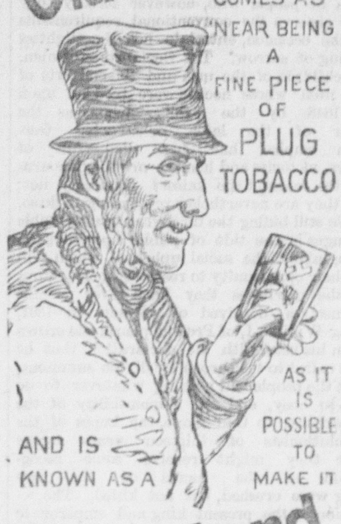

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You cannot tell whether horse blankets are strong by the look or feel, as the warp threads do not show on the face. How then are you to know?

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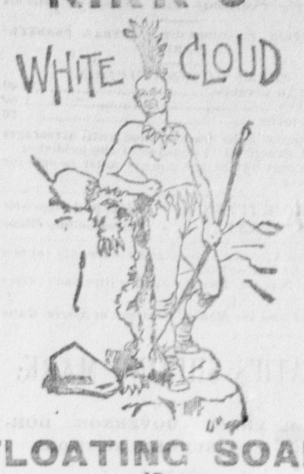

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DEATH'S SHINING MARK.

EX-LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR DORSHEIMER'S SUDDEN SUMMONS.

He Dies in Savannah, Ga., After an Illness of Only Four Days—One of the Finest Figures in the Metropolis.

An Ardent Democrat—His Career.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Ex-Governor William Dorsheimer, the publisher of The New York Star, died at 9:22 p. m., at the Pulaski house, Savannah, Ga.

Ex-Governor Dorsheimer left New York March 15, and was then in perfect health. He was accompanied by Mrs. Dorsheimer and Isaac H. Hunter, his private secretary.

They had purposed leaving on Blizzard Monday, intending to spend a few days in Washington and take Thursday's vestibule train to Florida. Mr. Dorsheimer took cold on his way south, and stopped at the Pulaski hotel in Savannah.

His illness was not considered serious and, in fact, was not announced to the employes of The Star until late Monday afternoon, when word was received that the cold had developed into pneumonia. The news of the ex-governor's death was not received in this city until morning. He had been ill only four days.

William Dorsheimer was born at Lyons, Wayne county, N. Y., Feb. 5, 1832, and educated at Andover and Harvard. He studied law with the firm of Havens & Rogers, Buffalo.

He served in the state senate, but took no special interest in politics till 1872, when he came out strong for Greeley for president and Kernan for governor of New York. His stump speeches brought him into notoriety, and in 1874 he was nominated for lieutenant governor of New York on the ticket with Tilden. He received 54,000 majority, while Tilden received but 51,000.

Two years later Robinson was renominated and John Kelly bolted the ticket, running himself for governor. Dorsheimer supported Kelly, and soon after changed his residence from Buffalo to New York. It only required a couple of years before Kelly landed him in the Forty-eighth congress, where he served one term.

During the campaign of 1884 he not only labored on the stump for the Cleveland ticket, but wrote a campaign life of the candidate, and not long after Mr. Cleveland came into power Governor Dorsheimer succeeded, for a brief time, Mr. Elihu Root as United States attorney for the southern district of New York. Before confirmation he resigned, and Mr. Walker, the present attorney, was nominated and confirmed.

WILLIAM DORSHEIMER.

While filling the office of lieutenant governor he was ex-officio chairman of the new capitol commission, and it was on his advice that many changes were made in the building. To him must be traced most of the architectural beauty seen in the work; and not only in this instance, but in many others, the public had the benefit of his labors. He originated the idea of preserving and restoring the scenery at Niagara Falls. All the laws passed to secure the desirable end were drawn up by him, and he acted as chairman of the commission of the state reservation at Niagara. He was also chairman of the commission of state surveys.

Mr. Dorsheimer was a giant in stature, being about 6 feet 4 inches in height, and weighing over 300 pounds. He dressed in perfect taste, and had a pleasant countenance, affable manner and courtly carriage. He was recognized as an eloquent and forcible speaker, and achieved a national reputation as an orator, lawyer and statesman. His nomination of Governor Tilden in St. Louis carried the convention by storm.

In 1885 Mr. Dorsheimer abandoned his law practice and obtained control of The Star, which he owned and edited at the time of his death. He was an ardent Democrat, a revenue reformer, and The Star has been radically Democratic on all national and local issues.

The News in Albany.

ALBANY, March 28.—The news of the death of ex-Lieutenant Governor Dorsheimer fell like a thunder clap here, where he is well known. Governor Hill was greatly shocked when he heard of the death, and all the members of the legislature highly praised the deceased for his loyalty to his party and eminent legal abilities. His death creates a vacancy in the Niagara park reservation committee. It is generally supposed here that he will be interred in Buffalo.

Gone to Visit the Queen.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 28.—The Post-Express publishes an interview with Mrs. Henry D. Jencken, formerly Kate Fox, one of the early Spiritualists, who says that her sister Margaret, Mrs. Kane, widow of the arctic explorer, sailed from New York for Glasgow last Thursday, in response to an urgent invitation from the royal family of Great Britain, who sent her abundance of money to pay her expenses. The object of Mrs. Kane's visit is understood to be to afford the queen information about or consolation for the many friends she lost of late. A committee of noblemen, authorized by the queen, sign the invitation to Mrs. Kane.

JAY GOULD TELLS HIS STORY.

He Explains the Meaning of His Recent Statement.

NEW YORK, March 28.—In an interview Jay Gould explains his remark that the motives for the efforts to indict him and Russell Sage for alleged larceny of trust securities belonging to Kansas Pacific bondholders were "a newspaper, a cable company and a woman." The newspaper, he said, is The Herald. Mr. Bennett's hostility toward him, he says, dates from the time when the Western Union and the cable pool refused to give The Herald's news dispatches precedence over those of other newspapers, which privilege Mr. Bennett claimed as a director of the American Cable company. Mr. Bennett was dropped as a director of the American company, and with Mr. Mackay formed the Commercial Cable company.

The chief animus of the editor of The Herald against him, Mr. Gould attributes to the unprofitableness of this cable company. "He has been hostile to the extent of egging on this Kansas Pacific persecution," said Mr. Gould, "for it has long since ceased to be prosecution."

Mr. Gould was then asked why the prosecuting lawyers, W. H. Delancy, E. L. Andrews, and their late associate, De Lancey Nicoll, persisted in their demand for his and Sage's indictment, and why they did not seek to recover damages in a civil suit. Mr. Gould replied that their claim was pure and simple blackmail.

There was a civil suit, he said, brought in the name of a German banking firm, but as soon as they found they were to be made the plaintiffs the suit was ordered stopped. A prominent politician and office-holder then stepped in and demanded the indictment of Gould and Sage on a criminal charge. This man's action was dictated by personal feeling; he was not a bondholder. "His course," Mr. Gould said, "was the result of personal animus growing out of my interference in behalf of a warm friend of mine who figured prominently in a suit for divorce. This friend needed my aid and I did no more than a man ought to do, knowing the facts."

Before he went to Europe, Mr. Gould continued, many offers of compromise were made to him, and he was not thirty miles at sea before leading counsel for the alleged bondholders called on his son George and offered to settle the whole matter for $500,000. The offer was not accepted. They then offered to compromise with Mr. Sage for $100,000. Mr. Gould says he made no affidavit in the Hopkins divorce case, but was perfectly willing to take the witness stand in his defense. Mr. Gould suggested that Lawyer Andrews and his colleagues should state if they represent any bondholders or only themselves, and if any bondholders to give their name and number.

PHASES OF THE GOULD-SAGE CASE.

The Cable Company's Statement—Mr. Andrews' Denial.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Vice President De Castro, of the Commercial Cable company, speaking of Mr. Gould's reference to that company, says it was designed for effect on the English cable companies. "They are sick of the war with us," Mr. DeCastro said, "and know they are defeated. They would like to advance rates, but Gould would perhaps like to have them pay him for consenting to do so. If he could make them think that we have been persecuting him in his personal affairs, he could demand compensation for the sacrifice he is making."

E. L. Andrews, of counsel for the Kansas Pacific bondholders, denies that he ever offered to settle the Gould-Sage suit for a money consideration, and says that, on the contrary, George Gould offered him $30,000 to abandon the case. His clients, he says, are the people of the state of New York.

Curiosity in London.

LONDON, March 28.—The Financial News, editorially commenting on the cabled report of The New York Tribune Gould interview, says: "If modesty did not forbid, we might easily guess what was the newspaper referred to; neither is the cable company much of a secret; but who can the woman be? Hitherto Mr. Gould's complications have all been of the masculine gender, but in his old age he seems to be getting less particular as to sex. His friends would, no doubt, give a good deal to know who was the lady that 'got left' in the Denver Pacific trust."

Railroad Matters.

KANSAS CITY, March 28.—The Burlington road is refusing perishable freight and live stock billed to the Union stock yards at Chicago. The Chicago and Alton has not advanced rates on packing house products and pig lead, having deferred the raise on these articles until April 1. The Union Pacific, Santa Fe, Missouri Pacific and the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska (Rock Island) roads have issued a circular offering to transport, free of charge, a reasonable amount of grain seed to western Kansas. The Texas Traffic association began a week's session here to-day for the purpose of adjusting rates and settling other business pertaining to the Texas traffic.

A Mexican Outrage.

TUCSON, A. T., March 28.—United States Marshal W. K. Meade has forwarded to Secretary of State Bayard an account of the arrest of himself and deputies by Mexican officials, while pursuing Southern Pacific train robbers on Mexican soil. He says that when he reported at Janos to Lieut. Martinez and placed in his hands all the evidence obtained, he, instead of receiving assistance, was imprisoned for fourteen days, and finally, with his deputies, sent adrift after being deprived of horses and all means of transportation.

Action Postponed.

NEW YORK, March 28.—The answers to Sutro & Newmark's applications for writs of ejectment against their striking employes which were presented in Justice Monell's court on Saturday, were withdrawn by the counsel for the strikers, on condition that writs of ejectment would not be applied for against any of the strikers before Monday next. These terms were agreed to, and the striking cigarmakers will not be disturbed in the possession of their homes before Monday.

Who Wants His Position?

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Friends of Judge Lambert Tree, United States minister to Belgium, say he is coming home with the intention of resigning from the diplomatic service. It is incidentally suggested that Mr. Tree has become tired of paying money out of his own pocket to keep up the dignity of the United States in Belgium—his salary being barely sufficient to cover house rent.

A Persistent Suitor Shot.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Nicholas Goldenkirch was fatally shot by George Green, in Brooklyn, while he was trying to force his way into Green's house. Goldenkirch has been paying attentions to Green's daughter, Emily, contrary to the wishes of the family, and it is claimed by the wounded man that he recently married the girl. This she will neither admit or deny.

NO HOPE FOR SOCIALISTS

THE FUTURE AS BLANK AS THE PAST IN GERMANY.

They Shed Crocodile Tears for the Dead, Sham Sympathy for the Living and Hope Only in the Rashness of the Coming Emperor for Revenge.

[Copyright, 1888.]

LONDON, March 28.—While to outward appearances everything and everybody in Germany assumed an air of sincere mourning after the death of Emperor William, which is still maintained in every part of the empire, there is a large, an ever increasing, class of people who, however strictly they may observe the conventional requirements of the occasion, entertain not the slightest feeling of sorrow. The Socialists—the men, the children of the men and the converts of the men whose necks were trodden upon in 1848 by the prince who, as the ruler of the later constructed German empire, has just died full of years, victories and honors—are they mourning the death of the kaiser? Assuredly not; but they are nevertheless pretending to do so, while still biding the time when the inevitable changes in the tide of public opinion shall bring about the social upheaval which will be their opportunity to reassert their claims to the privileges they have ever deemed themselves deprived of. When, in 1861, King William I, of Prussia, placed the crown upon his head with the declaration that he was called to the throne by divine summons; that the people had nothing whatever to do but to obey, and the responsibility of the crown was to God alone, the hopes of the revolutionists of thirteen years agone that they might receive some recognition at the hands of the new king were crushed, but not killed. The accession of the present king and emperor to the throne of his father has brought them no encouragement, notwithstanding his much heralded desire to secure the rights and privileges of all classes, and their sympathy with him in his illness is no greater than their sorrow over his father's death.

From the Crown Prince William, when he shall in his turn ascend the throne, the Socialists have still less to expect, beyond the hope that his self conceit and pig headed obstinacy may lead him to involve Germany in a war out of which may spring a successful socialistic revolution. It was expected that the death of Emperor William would awaken the Socialists to renewed activity, but no movement among them is observable. Of course, there are the usual mutterings and execrations of the existing institutions, and these are somewhat augmented by the publication of the emperor's will, showing him to have been possessed of an enormous fortune, accumulated by the sweat of other people's brows while he ruled by "Divine right;" but there is an absence of demonstration of the character that would naturally be expected from persons so steadfast in their peculiar views, which seems almost ominous. The act of the emperor in affixing his signature to the bill prolonging the anti-Socialist law may possibly stir up a Socialist row in some part of the country, but it is generally believed that the policy of the leaders is a waiting one.

FOREIGN NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Brief Cablegrams of Interest from All Parts of Europe.

PARIS, March 28.—Jules Ferry, speaking at a banquet of the Alsace-Lorraine associations, on the occasion of the reception of the new deputies, advocated a strong government for France, first from a military point of view, and, second, as a means of giving to France her proper place in the council of Europe.

The French government has refused to entertain the proposals of Italy for a commercial treaty.

LONDON, March 27.—The Post publishes a letter from St. Petersburg confirming the statements that the massing of Russian troops on the Polish frontier continues.

BERLIN, March 27.—Emperor Frederick affixed his signature to the bill prolonging the existing anti-Socialist law.

BERLIN, March 27.—The banks of the Elbe are flooded for a distance of many miles. Hundreds of villages are submerged. An enormous amount of damage has been done and many lives have been lost.

LONDON, March 27.—The sultan of Zanzibar is dead.

Boulanger Retired.

PARIS, March 28. — President Caruot signed a decree placing Gen. Boulanger on the retired list of the French army. The president did this at the proposal of Gen. Logerot, the minister of war, after consideration on the subject by a council of the cabinet and upon the unanimous advice of the officers who composed the court martial that tried Gen. Boulanger.

Ravages of Cholera.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The department of state is informed by its legation at Santiago de Chili that the cholera has diminished in intensity in that city, the deaths decreasing from a daily average, about Nov. 30 last, of twenty, to a daily average of ten or twelve about Jan. 31. At Valparaiso, about the middle of December, the daily average of deaths from cholera was over thirty. At the end of January the average had fallen to between eight and twelve. The disease has spread through the provinces, especially in the south, where the deaths are estimated at from thirty to forty daily.

Three Children Perish.

ORILLIA, Ont., March 28.—By the explosion of a lamp at midnight the building occupied by Mr. Joseph Ball as a store, post-office and residence at Warminster, a village seven miles from here, was destroyed by fire. Three children, aged 1, 3 and 5 years respectively, perished in the flames. Mr. and Mrs. Ball and one child were with difficulty saved. Loss, $5,000; partly insured.

Death of a Fugitive Bank President.

BOSTON, March 28. — The death is announced in his Canadian asylum of Abner I. Benyon, for several years a fugitive from justice, who is charged with the greatest financial crime ever committed in New England. Mr. Benyon was the wrecker of the Pacific National bank, of which he was president, and nearly $6,000,000 was swallowed up by the collapse of the institution.

Funds for Parnell.

NEW YORK, March 28.—The executive committee of the Irish Parliamentary Fund association, at its meeting at the Hoffman house, decided to forward $10,000 to Mr. Parnell immediately.

The Senate Will Attend the Funeral.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The senate, on motion of Mr. Hoar, accepted an invitation to attend the funeral services over the remains of Chief Justice Waite in the hall of the house.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S WATER SUPPLY.

A Freshet Results in a Water Famine. Hard Trials.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 28.—The temporary dam at the water works broke again, and the structure was completely swept away, leaving the city with but enough water to last until Wednesday night. The dam broke three weeks ago, and a coffer dam was erected. This broke last week, and twenty-five feet of it were washed away. The heavy rain washed away the rest of the temporary structure and also the part which had been replaced, together with the foundations for the new main dam. The water board has been devoting itself since the first break to keeping the water supply up, and has succeeded until now, when the washaway is so complete that it seems impossible, with the little water in the reservoirs, to avoid a water famine.

A Careless but Brave Youth.

BOSTON, March 28.—The two and a half story brick structure No. 357 to 361 West Broadway, South Boston, of which the upper part was known as Pythias hall, was burned; loss $8,350. The fire was caused by the careless act of Charles Armstrong, aged 18, who dropped a lighted match upon a paint shop floor, which was saturated with benzine and naphtha. The place was in flames almost instantly. Armstrong, after escaping from the building and ringing an alarm, remembered that a sixty-pound keg of gunpowder was in the shop. In his attempts to re-enter the room and remove the explosive he was thrice driven back, but he braved the heat and smoke for a fourth time, and, at the risk of his life, brought away the powder.

Selected the Wrong Man.

CHICAGO, March 28.—A Tribune special from San Francisco says: "The charge of criminal libel preferred against E. W. Townsend, business manager of The Daily Examiner, by Louis Hallse, ex-assessor of San Francisco, was dismissed. Hallse, ex-Sheriff Connelly and some custom house officials formed the powerful opium ring which smuggles most of the opium brought here from China, and was exposed by The Examiner. Hallse alone began suit. The judge ruled that the business manager is not the proper person to hold responsible."

He Talks Well—Can He Fight?

BOSTON, March 28.—George Godfrey, the colored champion, called at The Herald office and said that he had found $1,500 backing for a fight with any man in the world. Godfrey thinks he can whip Sullivan. He says: "I don't see what Sullivan ever did to warrant the hullaballo made about him. Kilrain is a good one, but he has done nothing that makes him look very big in my eyes. When recently a purse of $1,000 was offered for a fight between Dempsey and me, Dempsey held off for $1,500. Well, now's his chance."

A Detective Convicted of Robbery.

MONTREAL, March 28.—The jury in the great detective trial brought in a verdict of guilty against the prisoner, Detective John Fahey, charged in conjunction with several other detectives with having robbed the Grand Trunk safe, besides planning other wholesale burglaries. It is believed Fahey will be sentenced to at least fourteen years in the penitentiary. The trial lasted fourteen days. The trial of the other prisoners will be proceeded with.

The Bar and the Courts.

NEW YORK, March 28.—A meeting of the Bar association has been called for Saturday morning in the United States court, to take some action with regard to the death of Chief Justice Waite. Chief Judge Sedgwick, of the supreme court, adjourned for the term out of respect to the memory of the chief justice.

Fighting Behind Closed Doors.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The discussion over diseased hogs in the committee on agriculture of the house became so heated and sharp during the morning's session that newspaper correspondents and spectators were invited to leave, and the doors were closed—the matter being continued in secret session.

Enthusiastic Study at Harvard.

BOSTON, March 28.—Johnnie Murphy, the leading teacher of sparring at Harvard, says that the students take to sparring this year more than ever before, and that fully 400 of them are learning to use the gloves. A dozen instructors are teaching there. The big men employ Joe Lannon and George Godfrey; the smaller Mike Daly and others of lesser fame.

The Weather.

Variable winds, followed by warmer, light to fresh southwesterly; fair weather.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Money 2¼ per cent. Exchange steady, posted rates, $4.86½@4.88½; Governments firm; currency 6s, 120½ bid; 4s, coup., 125¼ bid; 4½s, do., 106½ bid.

The stock market opened fractionally lower this morning under a pressure to sell by the bears. Their offerings were soon absorbed and prices took an upward turn advancing ⅛@1 per cent. by midday. The market continued dull and neglected after noon.

Prices closed as follows:

West. Union Tel....	73½	Del. & Hud.....	105¼
Adams Express...	140	Del., L. & W.....	127¼
U. S. Express.....	70	Denver	17¼
C., C., C. & I.....	45	Erie	23¼
N. Y. Central.....	104½	Kansas & Texas...	12¾
N. J. Central.....	77	Lake Shore.....	88⅞
Illinois Central....	115	Northwest.....	105⅞
Northern Pacific..	20½	Do. pref.....	139
Do. pref.....	43	Pacific Mail.....	31
Central Pacific....	27½	Reading.....	55¾
Missouri Pacific..	76¾	St. Paul.....	70¾
T[illegible]s Pacific...	21	Wabash.....	12¼
Alton & T. H.....	36	Bur. & Quincy.....	121¼
Canada Southern..	49¼	Ore. R'y & Nav....	87
Canada Pacific....	60¾	Ore. Trans.....	18
Chicago & Alton..	135	West Shore.....	—

General Markets.

NEW YORK, March 27.—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

WHEAT—quiet; receipts, 2,750 bushels; shipments, 99,750 bushels; No. 1 red state, 92½@93c.; No. 2 do., 90⅝c.; No. 2 red winter, May, 89½c. bid; do., June, 88¾c. bid.

CORN—Firm; receipts, 23,300 bushels; shipments, 91,253 bushels; No. 2 mixed, cash, 62½@63c.; do., May, 60¼c.; do., June, 59½c.

OATS—Firm; receipts, 58,000 bushels; shipments, 800 bushels; No. 2 white state, 40@40½c.; do., 41@43c.; No. 2 mixed, April, 38½c.; May, 37⅝c.

RYE—Dull; state, 75c

BARLEY—Dull.

PORK—Dull; mess, $14.25@14.50 for one year.

LARD—Steady; April, $7.84; May, $7.82; June, $7.85.

MOLASSES—Quiet; boiling stock, 20½c.

TURPENTINE—Firm at 39½c.

ROSIN—Dull; strained to good, $1.22½@1.25.

PETROLEUM—Quiet; refined in cases, 9¼c.

FREIGHTS—Dull and unchanged.

BUTTER—Easier and fairly active; western creamery, 20@30c.

CHEESE—Quiet; western factory, 11¾@12c.

EGGS—Steady; state, 18½c.; western, 18@18½c.

SUGAR—Refined, steady; cut loaf and crushed, 7¾c.

RICE—Quiet and unchanged.

TALLOW—Steady; prime city, 4 11-16c.

COFFEE—Dull; fair cargoes, Rio, 14c.

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Please of Centre county and to me directed, will be exposed at public sale at the *Court House*, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Saturday, April 21st 1888. At 1.30 o'clock p. m., the following property, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenements or two lots of ground in the town of Aaronsburg, County of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows and marked in the general plan or plot of said town as follows: No. 354 and 354 adjoining lot No. 352 on the north now owned by Philip Stover now Levi Stover on the East by Rachael Way on the South by Plumb street and on the West by a twenty foot alley lot No. 353 containing along Rachael Way 55 feet and along lot No. 352 one hundred and sixty feet and lot No. 354 containing along Rachael way 60 feet and along Plumb street 160 feet, together with the full and common use and privileges of said 20 foot alley on the West ex a lot (⅛ of an acre,) sold to the Evangelical Association for building a church. Thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, old log house, painting shop, blacksmith shop, stable and other out buildings. A good supply of water, also an orchard with good fruit.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in and to all that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situated in Aaronsburg, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the North by Plumb street on the East Homan and Confer, now John Bower on the South by an alley and on the West by an alley. Containing ½ an acre more or less thereon erected a two story log house, good stable, and other out buildings

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Beaver.

All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte County of Centre, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit. Beginning on the public road at Patrick Clark's lot, thence South 53° 50' West twenty six and three-fourth feet to a corner in said public road thence along the same South 64° 21' west twenty five and one-third feet to lot of Mrs. Jane D. Foster. Thence by said lot of Mrs. Jane D. Foster, north 41° 43' west to the centre of water street Thence along Water street to a point made by the intersection of the present east line of Mrs. Foster with said street. Thence along the same and line of Patrick Clark south 43° 19' east to the place of beginning, subject to reservation of alley way. Having thereon erected a two story frame double dwelling house and other out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. R. Bartruff.

All those several lots or parcels of ground situate in the borough of Unionville, Centre Co., Penna., bounded and described to wit, on the south by Union street; on the east by D. Hall; on the north by Allegheny and Mechanics street; on the west by lot No. 19 in the general plot or plan of said borough; being lots numbered 16, 17 and 18 in the plan or plot of said borough to No. 16, lot No. 16 bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the south side of Allegheny street, thence southward 86 feet; thence south 28° east, along Main street 60 feet to Union street; thence along the same north 62° east, 118 feet to ot No. 15; thense along the same northward 37 feet to Allegheny street; thence along the same westward 127 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5,000 feet more or less.

Also lots Nos. 17 and 18, described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the corner of Main and Union streets; thence along Main street, north 28° west, 104 feet to old township road; thence along the same, south 66° west, 54 feet to a 20 foot alley; thence along the same, south 28° east, 110 feet to Union street; thence along the same, north 62° east, 54 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5,778 feet, thereon erected a two-story dwelling house, store room, stable, and other outbuildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of B. F. Leathers and A. T. Leathers.

All the defendant's interest in and to all that certain messuage or tract of land situate in Huston township, Centre county, Penna., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post (originally walnut), thence by land of C. Beckwith, Esq., north 30° west, thirty and three-tenths perches to post, in centre of ditch between the Tyrone and Lock Haven railroad and Bald Eagle plank road; thence along said ditch, south 60½° west one hundred and sixty-three and one-half perches to post in centre of aforesaid ditch thence by lands of John W. Richards, the same being originally part and parcel of the herein described and conveyed messuage, &c., south 29° east, thirty and one half perches to post; thence down Bald Eagle creek, north 72° east, one hundred and thirty-four perches to post; thence along the same, north 47° east, thirty-five perches to post (originally walnut), the place of beginning, containing thirty-six acres and seventy-four perches and allowance of six per cent. &c., thereon erected a two and one half story frame dwelling house, bank barn, wagon shed, one flour mill, corn crib and other outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George W. Woodring.

All the right, title and interest of defendant' being the undivided five twenty-fourths in and to all that certain farm in Walker township, Centre county, Penna., bounded on the north by lands of Adam Vonanda; and on the east by lands of the same; and on the south by lands of Mrs. T. B. Rupert, W. Grenoble, Joseph Folger estate, Yarnell and Shamp; and on the west by lands of J. G. Royer, containing 167 acres, more or less, known as the Henry Gephart estate farm, having thereon erected a two-story log frame tenement house, large frame bank barn 45x90 feet and the usual outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. Philip Gephart.

All the defendants interest in and to the following described real estate, situate in Gregg twp., Centre Co., Penna., bounded on the north and east by Jacob Barger; on the west by lands of Wm T. Lingle; and the south by public road leading from Spring Mills to Potters Mills, containing one acre more or less, thereon erected a two-story dwelling house, one shop, stable, and other outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Ira Barger.

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Gregg township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the centre of the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad, 500 feet west of centre of public road, where it crossed said railroad near the station, thence south 13° east 780 feet by lands formerly of R. H. Duncan to a stake; thence south 76½° west 250 feet by lands of J. B. Fisher to a stake; thence north 13° west 810 feet by other lands formerly of R. H. Duncan to a point on centre of said railroad; thence north 77° east 256 feet along said railroad to the place of beginning, containing four acres and 108 perches, thereon erected four two story frame dwelling houses together with the customary out-buildings.

Also. All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in College township. Beginning at stone at the intersection of lines of George Dale, Robert Valentine and Philip S. Dale; thence north 60° 5' east 172. 8 perches to a stone; thence north 24° 21' west 236. 5 perches to a white oak, thence north 63° 40' east 40. 2 perches to a stone; thence, by lands of Wister heirs north 24° 2' west 56. 7 perches to stone; thence by lands of F. Shuey south 57° 24' west 29. 8 perches to a post in the middle of the turnpike leading from Bellefonte to Boalsburg; thence along said turnpike, south 33° 9' west 52 perches to a post also in the middle of said turnpike; thence along same south 35° 4' west 70.8 perches to a post in the middle of said turnpike; thence along lands of George Dale south 17° 39' east 240.1 perches to a stone the place of beginning, containing 185 acres and 87. 59 perches net measure. Having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, barn, cider-press and other necessary out-buildings.

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Haines, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at the dead hemlock, thence by land of Jacob Motz and Christian Motz, south sixty-eight and one-fourth degrees west, one hundred and fifty-eight perches to a post; thence by land of Henry Vonanda, north fourteen degrees west, one hundred and eighty-three perches to a post; thence by land of Benj. Orndorf and Henry Rinhart, south eighty-seven and three-fourths degrees, east one hundred and sixty-six and three-tenths perches to a post; thence by lands of Daniel Hosterman and Jacob W. Stover, twelve and one-half degrees east, one hundred and sixty-four and one-half perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and sixty-one acres and one hundred and twenty-one perches and allowance. Thereon erected one log house, one log barn, one shed, and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Philip S. Dale.

TERMS—No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money be paid in full.

ROBERT COOKE, Jr., Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., March 28th, 1888.

—Mr. R. C. Irvin is now managing the Opera House, assisted by Mr. James Derr as bill poster. His management is but temporary, being only for the purpose of playing the companies already booked. What disposition will be made of the Opera House after that time we cannot state, but we know of no one more competent than Mr. Irvin to manage it.

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31.—At residence of E. Hancock, at Gum Stump, Boggs township, at 1 o'clock p. m., farm stock and implements, wagons, harness, etc.

Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of Centre County will meet at their respective voting places in the several election precincts in the county on Saturday April 7th, 1888 for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention.

The delegates chosen at that time will meet in convention at the Court House in Bellefonte on Tuesday, April 10th, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates to the State Convention to be held at Harrisburg April 25th, 1888, and to select three conferees to meet in conference with conferees from the several counties composing this Congressional District to elect delegates to the National Republican Convention, to be held at Chicago June 19th, 1888, and to transact such other business as may be for the best interests of the party. Under the rules of the party the number of delegates to which each precinct is entitled is as follows:

NUMBER OF DELEGATES.

Bellefonte, N. W.....6		Haines, East P.....1	
" S. W.....4		" West P.....2	
" W. W.....3		Halfmoon.....3	
Centre Hall.....1		Harris.....2	
Howard Boro.....2		Howard Twp.....3	
Millheim.....1		Huston.....3	
Milesburg.....3		Liberty.....4	
Philipsburg—1st W.....2		Marion.....1	
" 2d. W.....4		Miles.....2	
" 3d. W.....2		Patton.....3	
Unionville.....1		Penn.....1	
Benner Twp.....2		Potter North P.....1	
Boggs East P.....2		" South P.....2	
" West P.....3		Rush North P.....2	
" North 2		" South P.....1	
Burnside.....1		Snow Shoe East P.....3	
College.....5		" West P.....2	
Curtin.....1		Spring 7	
Ferguson, East P.....2		Taylor 2	
" West P.....2		Union.....3	
Gregg, North P.....1		Walker.....3	
" South P.....2		Worth.....2	

The primary elections for delegates will be held under the supervision of the district committeemen, who will see that the proper election officers are designated and in attendance.

In the Boroughs of Bellefonte, Centre Hall, Millheim, Howard, Milesburg, Philipsburg and Unionville, and the townships of Howard, Potter, Snow Shoe and Union, the polls will open at 7 p. m., and close at 9 p. m., and in the remaining districts will open at 2 p. m., and close at 5 p. m.

The committeemen are urged to see that Republicans generally, participate in these primaries and that the largest possible freedom consistent with party rules and principles be extended to participants,

JOHN G. LOVE,
Chairman of County Com.

L. L. BROWN,
W. E. GRAY,
H. H. HARSHBERGER,
} Secretaries.

Republican County Committee.

The following named gentlemen constitute the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county for the year 1888:

JOHN G. LOVE, *Chairman*, Bellefonte.

L. L. BROWN,
W. E. GRAY,
H. H. HARSHBERGER,
} *Secretaries.* "

District.	*Name.*	*Address.*
Bellefonte, N W.,	W. L. Malin	Bellefonte
do S W.,	Thos Donachy	do
do W W.,	Wm Hillibish	do
Milesburg boro	A T Boggs	Milesburg
Millheim	Samuel Musser	Millheim
Centre Hall	Andrew Reesman	Centre Hall
Howard bor	D W Pletcher	Howard
Philipsburg, 1st W,	C T Fryberger	Philipsburg
do 2d W,	H S Stuart	do
do 3d W,	Harry Simler	do
Unionville boro	Joseph Barton	Fleming
Benner twp.,	Henry Woomer	Bellefonte
Boggs, W P	C P Stonerode	Milesburg
do E P	J M Parker	Roland
do N P	Jacob Yarnall	Milesburg
Burnside,	Wm. Stewart	Moshannon
College	John W Stuart	State College
Curtin	Wm Robb	Howard
Ferguson, O P	Jno G Bailey	Pine Grove Mills
do N P	H C Campbell	Fairbrook
Gregg, N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
do S P	John DeLong	Spring Mills
Haines, W P	Sam'l Diehl	Aaronsburg
do E P	Chas Bressler	Woodward
Halfmoon	P W Burkett	Stormstown
Harris	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard	T B Sanders	Howard
Huston	Gee W Miles	Julian Furnace
Liberty	A E Graham	Blanchard
Marion	William Irvin	Walker
Miles	Chas Grim	Rebersburg
Patton	Wm E Furst	Buffalo Run
Penn	O W VanVallin	Coburn
Potter, N P	Andrew Gregg	Centre Hall
do S P	Wm J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush, N P	James Duff	Philipsburg
" S P	James Herbert	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe, E P	W O Davis	Snow Shoe
" " W P	John A Yerger	Moshannon
Spring	M T Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Taylor	John Weaver	Hannah
Union	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker	Henry Robb	Hublersburg
Worth	S W Harshberger	Port Matilda

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE, PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 21, 1888.—The Republican State Convention will be held in the Opera House at Harrisburg on the last Wednesday of April, the 25th, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating one candidate for Supreme Judge, two persons for presidential electors-at-large and twenty eight persons for presidential electors, the latter to be named by the delegates from the Congressional districts where districts have not previously named them. Also for the election of four delegates and four alternates-at-large to the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago, June 19, 1888. The attention of Republicans throughout the State is respectfully directed to the following permanent rules for the holding of State Conventions and the conduct of the party:

First—That delegates to the State Convention shall be chosen in the manner in which candidates for the General Assembly are nominated.

Second—Hereafter the State Conventions of the Republican party shall be held not earlier than the third Wednesday of August, except in the year of the presidential election, when it shall be held not later than sixty days previous to the day fixed for the National Convention, and except in gubernatorial years. At least sixty day's notice shall be given of the date of the State Convention.

Third—That we recommend to the county organizations, that in their rules they allow the largest freedom in the general participation in the primaries consistent with the preservation of the party organizations.

The State Convention of June 30, 1886, having abolished Senatorial representation, delegates to the approaching State Convention will be selected according to the number of Representatives in the Legislature to which each county or city is entitled under the Representative Apportionment law passed at the recent session of the Legislature.

THOMAS V. COOPER,
Chairman.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

To the Republican Electors of the United States:

"In accordance with usage and obedience to the instructions of the Republican National Convention of 1884, a national convention of delegated representatives of the Republican party will be held in the city of Chicago, Illinois, on Tuesday, the 19th day of June, 1888, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President to be supported at the next national election, and for the transaction of such other business

AN EASTER IDYL.

1888.

R. C. IRVIN.

Of all the grateful sacred thoughts
In Litanies and prayers,
And all the creeds are taught's
At the Chancel's altar stairs,
The word unwritten is laid down
In classic under Rubric read;
Through ev'ry change of form is shown
Where'er may lead the Reverend head.

As though all words in meanings one,
A sentence nothing but a word;
That said, 'tis ended and begun
Tho' the voice was never heard.

No language human throat hath held,
Or inspiration of a god immortal,
Can ever have with letters spelled
The word that's meant for each and all.
'Tis both fear and strongest faith;
Ardent love; appallng hate;
The wordly wisdom that betrayeth;
'Tis prayer that turns the course of fate.

Tho' passions face to face are brought
They speak not in the mortal ear,
Nor mingle music with the graces taught,
That any soul can hear.
When thunders rend the clouds apart
And shoot their fiery lightnings out,
There is no soul whom t'will not start,
That 'tis the Godhead's voice will doubt.
All words are likewise earthward sent,
The fear that voiceless tells the truth,
Though in myriad voices spent,
Hath dropped all sense but sound, forsooth.

Nor are passions seen in *mortal* strife
Like furies in the the air about
Pictured as t'were in mimic life,
They only knock each other out.
And that is all? No! meaning comes.
By one subdued, the other *fate*
Triumph's, and, as we read, he sums,
Their sense, himself to personate,
An' physically vibrate humms,
As line on line in chant and Psalter
Leaves its birth of quickened soul
And prayer and collect 'neath the Altar's
Holy intonations roll.
'Tis Faith and unfaith who are leaning
At the Lectern's fence of words—
Words that bar the way to meaning,
'Till by conquest—flash of swords—
The wrong one falls, the right stands by
To clear the priestly path away,
And, sentences may fall or fly,
Uttered where we sing and pray.

An' when a warrior clad in steel
Stands guard, he guards, he is the soul,
Whom no wroughten point can feel.
Thrusts as in no player's role.
Illumined curves the point makes clear.
Erewhile can trace, as swiftly flies
The rapier steel—the magic quere—
The sword tracks livid in the skies.

God loves the man, the man loves Him,
They, twain but one, the one unseen—
The spirit—moved the mortals' limb
And placed His own where it had been,

Whence all the corporate figure gave
A space to Him, who walking came
Yielding, to the vaulted grave.
And still their journey is the same.
Lo! here they part—the goal's won;
A corse to humid earth restored;
The spirit yielded to the golden sun,
The warrior sheaths his trusty sword.

When spirit weilds the trusty sword
And battles with the *fate* within,
'Tis that *fate's* death that owns him Lord,
Rekindles faith expugns the sin.

But God to resurrection came—
The Son of Man, and, at the tomb
Was man no more, tho' Christ his name,
Obedient met that awful doom.

Ah! when the conqueror, conquering done,
Lays down his arms, faith may live,
Faith by blood the ages won.
But every soul a life shall give.

—Mr. Shaughency, the street commissioner, and others entered the yard of Mr. Woodring on Allegheny street, on Monday or Tuesday, and erected a wooden pipe over the sewer. It is intended as an outlet for gas from the sewer and thus to purity the air of that vicinity which is said to have been contaminated. But Mr. Woodring said his children became ill the day the pipe was put up and the last state of the atmosphere, so far as he and his family were concerned, was worse than the first. He considered it somewhat cheeky for the borough authorities or anyone else to enter his yard without leave or license and during his absence, for the purpose. It really seems so, especially when the premises is owned by the Chief Burgess. Whether the pipe shall remain or be removed the future will determine.

—On Tuesday evening next there will be a repetition of that mock trial in Milesburg. Now, look out for Francis Speer. If he, as district attorney, tries any of the questionable acts he attempted and carried through the other time, nip it in the bud at once. As a district attorney he needs watching. The last time, he, in some way, succeeded in convicting the prisoner, but we hope the Milesburg jury will be more careful and give the poor, erring, but well-disposed Linn Murphy a chance for his life and liberty. Everybody in Milesburg should go and see that justice is done though the heavens fall.

—The true reason that there is such a scarcity of fish in Bellefonte is because the people of Lock Haven consume all of it before it reaches here. During the past year there has been such a frightful lack of brains in that place—as evidenced by the columns of the Lock Haven *Democrat*—that they determined to supply the long-felt want. So they compell Joe Furey to consume five shad, three halibut and a dozen cat fish at each meal. They hope he will improve as a result of this intellectual pabulum.

—Suppress the ode to Spring, we pray thee; choke back its struggling utterance and put a "squelcher" on it. To permit it to have free course now would be disastrous in the extreme—to the ode and to the spring. The poor ode would wander off and get lost, while spring would not be recognized.

The Pension List.

Pensions or increase of pensions have been issued during the past week to the following persons residing in this part of the state:

Centre—William James, Blanchard.

Indiana—Hugh T. McIntyre, Blairsville.

Blair—John M., father of David E Weight, Tipton.

Cambria—Catharine, mother of John Fox, Johnstown.

Somerset—Isabella, widow of Joseph J. Lohr, Stoyestown.

Huntingdon—Jane E., widow of William P. Haffey, Mill Creek.

Fulton—Thomas B. Litton, Plum Run; Matthew Sharp, Pleasant Ridge.

Mifflin—Theodore M. Williamson, Milroy; Joseph Snook, Yeagertown.

Bedford, Samuel S. Mock, Osterburg; Lewis, father of Christopher Eastright, Saxton; Joseph S. Bussard, Everett.

Westmoreland—Levi Wallack, Bolivar; James Grace, Greensburg; John Gibson, Latrobe; William McBarney, West Fairfield; Franklin Gilmore, Webster.

Passover Season.

Passover, the feast of the Paschal Lamb and unleavened bread began at sunset on Monday evening. Only one celebration in the Jewish calendar is regarded as holier than this festival, and that is Yom Kipper, the Day of Atonement. In no portion of the Old Testament are more rigid instructions given than in the observance of the Passover.

A visitor to an orthodox Jewish home, at this sason, will see in the kitchen tubs of dishes in pure water. They are in use during eight days. No dish that has been used during the year is permitted on the table, and unleavened bread, or "matzos" takes the place of ordinary bread. Nothing leavened of wheat, rye, barley, oats or corn will be given a place in the pantry or in the house.

Thus far, most of the Hebrews of this town observe the occasion. Other, and very beautiful and significant ceremonies are observed in very strict Hebrew homes.

One of the Judges.

To the Editor of the Daily News:

I have been looking anxiously for some public notice of the fact that the people of Centre county have at length a judge on the bench *totally* opposed to all license for the sale of liquor.

It is one of our long desired and much prayed for blessings and I think the Lord is saying, "Hear ye that are far off what I have done; and ye that are near *acknowledge* my might."

I have heard of many persons who have a very wrong impression of Judge Rhoads' attitude on this subject. I think he would not like to be misrepresented and I am sure the wives and mothers of Bellefonte are thankful for the advanced step taken by Judge Rhoads.

A MOTHER.

—The Auditor General of Pennsylvania furnishes the following information: Retailers should remember that mercantile licenses are not transferable from one to another, and parties going into business after the first of May, and who have not been rated by the mercantile appraiser, are required by law to pay a license at the rate of $20 for the whole year, and any such persons who do not before or within one month after commencing business, take out such license, shall pay the full year of $20.

Price of Excursions.

In regard to the excursions to Abilene Kansas, to take place on the 4th and 25th of April, the 9th and 23d of May and the 6th and 20th of June, the price for the round trip ticket will be only one-half the usual fare, or the same as the usual fare from here to Abilene. Rev. J. A. Bright, who lives at Abilene, and who is known in this county, can give needed information; or it may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Information, Abilene, Kansas.

—He (holding a skein of worsted while she winds). "Do you notice how my hand trembles, Miss Julia?" She (shyly): "Yes, Mr. Sampson," He: "And cannot you divine the cause?" She (shyness increasing): "N-no, Mr. Sampson." He: "Miss Julia, I have a confession to make. Will you hear it?" She (shyness becomes more painful as she anticipates a proposal): "If you like, Mr. Sampson." "He: "I was out with some of the boys last night, and it was two o'clock when I reached home."

—The friends of Mr. Stewart W Laird, son of R. A. Laird, will be pleased to learn of his success in Washington city. He was ordered there from Chicago last November and ever since has been employed in the electrical department of the Senate. He has just been appointed chief electrician in the Senate, a position of considerable honor and responsibility.

—"Why do you look so sleepy?" said a cross mother to her daughter, as she came down stairs in the morning. "Because, mamma, the wind blew so hard it kept me awake nearly all night." "Well, see that it doesn't happen again, or it'll be worse for you!"

Weather Predictions.

One of our exchanges comments on the weather thus: "The spring of 1888 certainly promises to be backward. Although we have passed the equinox, temperatures far below zero continue to recur on the northern borders, and on Sunday this part of the country was again treated to a snow storm. All day long the snow continued falling, though the temperature was sufficiently high to warrant the hope that it would not remain long. The lateness of the season, however, may bode no harm. If it continues as it has been, vegetation will not be premature and the fruit crops not likely to be sufficiently advanced to be injured by April frosts. The abnormal severity of the spring on both sides of the Atlantic may be an indication of an exceptionally hot summer. This is apparently a paradox; but if the sun's heat after the vernal equinox is exceptionally great, the first effect would be felt in the upper currents of the atmosphere, which carry heat and moisture to the North pole. As these upper currents are stimulated by increased solar energy, strong return polar currents of great cold are temporarily set up on the earth's surface. Professor Balfour Stewart well illustrated it by the case of a furnace fire. "The stronger the fire the more powerful the hot draught up the chimney, the more powerful also the cold draught from without along the floor of the room." The illustration holds good because we are in the position to feel the surface currents, but not the hot upper currents of the atmosphere. We may take comfort, therefore, in this law of atmospheric circulation and patiently endure the present blizzards," as the harbingers of a warm and fruitful season.

SOME time ago the question was raised in New York whether or not a preacher imported by a church organization was a contract laborer under the law restricting immigration. The same question is now raised concerning Mr. Vanderbilt's new French cook, Joseph. Joseph, it seems, understands American law almost as well as he does French cooking. He paid his own passage across the Atlantic, made only a verbal contract with his employer and he is free to act as he may please in accepting other work. At last a Vanderbilt has the worst of a business transaction, and in a financial operation, he is at the mercy of his cook! The shrewd little Frenchman seems to appreciate the enormous advertising which has been so freely given him, and Joseph seems not disinclined to set New York diners out in a state of mortal disappointment by accepting the bid of an enterprising caterer for his services.

THE Philadelphia *Press* remarks that "the service of the Chicago Postoffice seems to be about as inefficient as that of any similar establishment in the country, which all things considered, is saying a great deal. The fact is, friends and brethren, and it is demonstrated by experience, that it is almost impossible to convert a public postoffice into a Democratic headquarters for the manipulation of conventions and the distribution of spoils without in one way or another impairing the efficiency of the postal service. We have seen it tried right here in this town.

—Some one in Boalsburg, who signs himself "A Lover of Justice," writes to us a warning intended for the benefit of an individual residing in that place Said individual, he says, is in the habit of visiting his neighbor's corn cribs and surreptitiously taking corn therefrom. The thief is described quite minutely and he is evidently known. He is threatened with a coat of tar and feathers should he continue the reprehensible practice. We hope for the sake of his neighbors, the good name of the community and his own happiness that he will quit his misdeeds.

—On Thursday of last week, one week ago to-day, the progressive dry goods and notion firm of D. Garman & Son entered upon the sixth year of its career. It is more prosperous to-day than ever before and enters the new year under auspices of great promise. It is one of the reliable business institutions of Bellefonte and we cordially congratulate it on its birthday and hope that its present boom may continue.

—Some Pennsylvania couples who went to Camden to get married and had "Rev." J. J. Sleeper perform the ceremony are now a little bit disturbed in their minds over the declaration that the life-long Sleeper is not a parson at all. Serves the couples right for going so far away to avoid a law which is really intended as a safeguard and for their benefit. Don't marry at all unless you can do it right.

—A man in Berks county who suicided on Monday was found with his Bible on one side and a copy of the New York *World* on the other. Poor fellow, if he had left the *World* alone and been content with his Bible perhaps he would have survived, for of all sensational papers the *World* seems to lead the procession—first the *World*, then the flesh and then the devil.

Pure Brandy.

We call our readers attention to the following testimonial from undoubted authority on this excellence and purity of Speer's P. J. Brandy.

NEW YORK.

Mr. Speer: I congratulate you on a recent unsought testimonial as to the purity of your brandy. Lady Duffus Hardy, of London, England, an old acquaintance of mine, on testing from the bottle of brandy, we brought from Passaic the other day, immediately asked me to get a like one for her, which I did this morning. The English aristocrats, you know, male and female, are pretty good judges of brandy.

Wishing you every success in your really good work,

I remain your truly,
PRENTICE MULFORD,
Editor, N. Y. Graphic.

—There was a sociable of the W C T U on Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. John P. Harris. About fifty ladies were present. The exercises were of the most enjoyable character, music being liberally interspersed. Choice refreshments were served and the occasion was in every respect a great success.

—To quickly remove headache, pains in the back, the discomforts of digestion, etc., use Laxador which promptly relieves all such pains.

—If any trouble is attendant upon the baby's teething, don't hesitate to use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. It is invaluable. Price 25 cents a bottle.

—The twelfth annual session of the Grand Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle of this State, will be held in Philadelphia on the 3d of April. Among the representatives from the Castles in this county are T. B. Jamison, of Spring Mills; C. C. Crowell, of Philipsburg, S. R. Pringle, of Port Matilda.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will all wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we will sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c and $1.00. *Trial size free.* At all Druggists'.

—A dispatch from Philadelphia states that the Supreme Court has rendered its decision in the Reading-Herdic case. The Supreme Court decides in favor of the late Peter Herdic. This decision is a great victory for the heirs of Peter Herdic, as it involves thousands of dollars.

—I have found out a gift for my fair, It is not a ring of gold, nor flowers for her hair, nor pearls for her white neck, but Salvation Oil for her sore throat. She's a singing bird.

—Loss of life.—Thousands sink into an early grave for want of a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

—John Lord, a fireman employed at the Cameron pump station, near Emporium, is the fortunate possessor of $15,000, which he received last Friday from the Louisiana State Lottery. He can now live like a Lord even if he never did before.

—The popular blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla, is having a tremendous sale this season. Nearly everybody takes it. Try it yourself.

—A mock trial will be held in Milesburg next Tuesday evening, it being a repetition of the one held in the Y M C A hall here some time ago. It will be for the benefit of the Y M C A of this place.

—If you suffer from "cold in the head," or from Nasal Catarrh, use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It cures when everything else fails.

—The friends in this place of Mrs Mattie E. Furey, editress of the Sunday *Graphic-News*, will regret to hear of her illness for two weeks past and will be well pleased to learn further that she is recovering.

The Homliest Man in Bellefonte

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get *free* a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 50 cents and $1.

—The rain drops pattered on the roof Tuesday night.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft, or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist, Bellefonte. 20-2-6m.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 19 25 1y

DIVINES DISAGREE.

A Discussion Not Decided by Prayer—Intolerance of Opinion.

THE following is an extract from a late New York Tribune editorial: "There is, perhaps no mental vice so common as tolerance of opinion. Even such as they think they have emancipated themselves from the clinging defect find it hard to acknowledge frankly to themselves that the opinion of some one else upon a matter they have studied may very well be as deserving of respect as their own, if it differs radically from their own. If we could all get rid of this 'last infirmity,' not only of 'noble minds,' but of nearly all human minds, how much less friction there would be in life, how much less bitterness and heart burning and envy and all unchar itableness."

In an adjoining column of the same paper was found the following peculiar commentary on the editorial:

"The bitterness of the controversy in the American Board over the question of probation after death was very great. This rather shocked the simple-minded and foreign missionaries who attended the sessions of the Board, one of whom said he had always thought such questions were decided by prayer. But if the debate was not altogether Christian in spirit, it was strictly parliamentary. The brethren didn't forget to put a copy of Cushing's Manual in their valise along with their Bible, and apparently some of them consulted it oftener than the Bible."

Is it a fact that there is but little toleration in this country, and less than in others?

"Comparisons are odorous," said Mrs. Malaprop. Perhaps we have been claiming too much for this free nation.

We must admit that in the professions there is yet much of the old time prejudices against new ideas. Preachers preach the old medicines. Bitter controversies arise when anything new is proposed.

But the march of progress is not stayed. Men are traveling heavenward under new creeds and being cured by new medicines.

Much the same state of facts seems to exist in other countries.

When Dr. Robson, a leading physician of London, formerly of the Royal Navy, proclaimed that Warner's safe cure was a specific in kidney derangements, the hide-bound school to which he belonged threatened to debar him from practice if he did not recant.

Since then Dr. Wilson, F. R. S. E., editor of "Health," a recognized English author, announces in his magazine that "Warner's safe cure is of a perfectly safe character and perfectly reliable." Many English physicians are now prescribing it.

The "schools" in this country still bar all proprietary medicines. But Dr. Gunn, Dean of a New York Medical College, long since published: "Warner's safe cure is a very valuable remedy;" and says he knows that many physicians prescribe it, though not by name.

Good things in creed or practice are not to be cried down by the old fogies simply because they are new. The spirit of toleration thrives on opposition.

—Brown to Robinson: "Let us cross the street. I see Smith coming, and I don't want to meet him. I owe him a little money." Robinson: "You're all right here. He'll cross the street as soon as he sees us. He owes me money."

A Montana paper recently contained this remarkable notice: "Mr. Charles Johnson and Miss Fanny West were married by Rev. S. Hills on Wednesday. So far no trouble has resulted, and those best informed as to the situation say there will be none." The next day the editor apologized, and explained that part of an item regarding an incipient strike had got into the wrong place.

HOOD'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT
SARSAPARILLA
TRADE MARK

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Peculiar Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

To Itself

100 Doses One Dollar

Isaiah and Nora Colby Avenged

The execution of Luther Shaffer and the story of the Cherry Run tragedy graphically told in the

New York SATURDAY NIGHT, of April 5.

It will be the very best. Full of excellent pictures of all the persons in the double murder and Shaffer's trial

Agents wanted everywhere in Centre, Clinton and adjoining counties, for the demand will be enormous.

Agent in Bellefonte, - - Emil Roth

"Penny Wise and Pound Foolish."

That's what men are who plod along—trying to do their business, when they feel half dead. Their eyes are dim and throb; their head aches; the children annoy them; their wives lose their ambition; they make mistakes in their accounts, and the whole world looks blue; they hate themselves and everyone else. And why? If you feel so, why don't you stop and think a minute—or are you too stupid? Your liver and blood are out of order; that's all. You need a good regulator and tonic. Take a bottle of Dr. Pierces's Golden Medical Discovery, and you will feel like a new man. In three days your wife will be the prettiest and sweetest woman in the world; your children's dispositions will improve, and you will make money enough to pay for the "Golden Medical Discovery" a hundred times over. Don't be stubborn but try it.

—"What can you tell me about Esau?" queried the pedagogue. "Esau," responded the youth, with the glib alacrity of one who feels himself, for once, on safe ground, "Esau was a writer of fables, who sold his copyright for a bottle of potash."

A Thousand Dollars Each

Was the price demanded by a skillful dentist to part with a magnificent set of teeth. Many people part with their teeth for nothing, because they neglect to care for them. Minot's Dentifrice—price 25 cents—insures beautiful teeth and healthy gums.

—Hon. A. H. Dill, of Lewisburg, and Hon. John G. Freeze, of Bloomsburg, are candidates for judicial honors in the Montour-Columbia district, Judge Elwell intending to retire.

Fall and winter season 1887 and 1888. Full line of *overcoatings, suitings and pantaloonings.* Leave your order LOW.
MONTGOMERY & Co.
Tailors.

—The Adams county Republican Convention, on Monday endorsed Senator J. D. Cameron for President.

A Great Help to Women.

"Man's work is from sun to sun,
Woman's work is never done."

How true. And yet inventive genius and science has made wonderful progress in relieving woman of much of her former drudgery and slavery. The Model Steam Cooker, an illustration of which we give to our readers, is a happy combination of scientific principles, and while improving the food we eat and saving its cost in fuel in a short time, it does away with the red hot stove, and cooking with it is a positive pleasure. Steam cooked food is healthier and more palatable than when prepared in the ordinary way. It never burns or dries, and with the Model Cooker there is no steam or odor in the house when cooking food. It is self-regulating—blows a whistle when the water gets low, and needs no care to keep the meal from spoiling. The Franklin Institute of Philadelphia has made a practical test with Boston Brown Bread and Vegetables, and report that they can be cooked more successfully by steam than in any other way. A further test was made with onions and showed no trace of odor in the room. This is the highest scientific authority in this country. The Model Cooker Co., 34 Park Row, New York, want agents to help them place these wonderful Steam Cookers in every family. Those who apply early will get the best territory. Any lady or gentleman wishing to engage in permanent remunerative employment, cannot do better than by writing to the Model Cooker Co.

FOR SALE.—One dark bay horse. Age 10 years. 15½ hands high and weighs 1250 pounds. A perfect driver and saddle horse. Apply to
WM. LATHROPE,
Chief Engineer L. H. V. C. Co.
Wilkesbarre, Pa.
or; C. BOAK,
Snow Shoe, Pa. 20-11-3t.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Blacksmith and wood work shop. Building 20x50, two stories, with two forges and full setts of tools. All will be sold at a low price, or rented to suit the renter. No better location for the business in the county.
BOAK BROS.,
Snow Shoe,
20-11-3t. Centre Co., Pa

THE
Weekly Press,
OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.
$1.00 Subscription per Year. $1.00
THE BEST HOME PAPER IN AMERICA.

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The Best Local Paper in the County

This is not brag.

It is a plain statement of an honest fact.

Ordinarily the weekly issue of a daily paper is esteemed to be merely a digest of the week's news, suited alone for rural readers.

This is not true in reference to the WEEKLY PRESS.

It is especially edited by a trained corps of writers selected for the purpose of making the best paper.

It is adapted to the improvement and enjoyment of both sexes, of all ages, of every family, whether a resident of the city, village or country.

Not a word of crime or impure suggestion in any part of the paper.

It is an old paper and carries its age and reputation equally well.

We will send the WEEKLY PRESS, subscription one year, $1.00, and REPUBLICAN, subsciption one year, $2.00, *both, one year, one subscription price,* $2.00.

We make this unexceptional proposition in order that the *Weekly Press* and REPUBLICAN may go on trial in every household in this county for an entire year.

Sample copies furnished free on application. Address.

REPUBLICAN,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

EUROPE'S LATEST DOINGS.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BILL CAUSES MUCH COMMENT.

Boulanger's Unique Position—Wrecks on the London Police Force—The Inspector with the Glass Eye—German Hatred for Dr. Mackenzie.

LONDON, March 26.—The local government bill, much looked forward to, has at last seen the light. It proves to be a bold, comprehensive measure, absolutely surprising as coming from the Tories; in fact, one which, if fathered by the Liberal government, would have been promptly labeled revolutionary. It has brought a regular hornet's nest about the ears of the government. The landholder generally is alarmed and the petty squire, whose ancient right of locking up the poacher is threatened, is fairly frantic. Liquor sellers and tectotallers are alike protesting against the proposed changes, and London's system of wholesale bribery and corruption, alarmed at the proposal for the extinction of the board of works, is fighting desperately.

The trouble that was predicted long ago has come, but, unfortunately for those who hoped to see the government topple over. Salisbury and his friends already announce their intention of taking steps to avoid a break. The members of the government and the Tory newspapers are already proclaiming aloud that everybody is free to vote on the multifarious clauses of the bill without worrying about questions of confidence. The government do not intend to resign should they be defeated. They mean to hang on to office prepared to stand any amount of cuffing and kicking, if by patient suffering they can save the empire from the dreadful old iconoclast of Hawarden.

Last week was marked by another gallant attempt to raise a war scare, this time in connection with the alleged French scheme for the bombardment and capture of Italy's big arsenal town, Spezzia. The attempt failed completely, for the French newspapers have had room for nothing save Boulanger.

It is difficult yet to decide what effect Boulanger's recent action will have upon his prospects. The blue spectacles story is almost universally disbelieved. He has evidently succeeded in arousing the jealous dislike of his old associates, Clemenceau, etc., and, in fact, of all who aspire to the popular leadership, and that speaks in his favor, although the combination of his enemies may be too much for him. His friends have withdrawn his candidature for the post of deputy in Aisne and Bouches du Rhone, with the hope of mollifying the government; but the general will probably appear before a military court of inquiry soon and undergo further disciplinary punishment. The people are with him as strongly as ever, and if he had as much ambitious ability as popularity he might do a great deal and cause a lot of trouble to rival politicians; but as yet he shows no sign.

The treatment which Sir Morell Mackenzie is receiving in Berlin greatly exasperates the people here, and there is even some wild talk in society of boycotting certain German medical experts settled in London. We learn from Berlin that Mackenzie is the recipient daily of many abusive and threatening letters. He is railed at in the press and insulted on the bill boards. Only the other day an offensive cartoon was found posted on the famous Brandenburg gate, depicting the Empress Victoria and Dr. Mackenzie, with the inscription beneath:

"The murderers of our emperor."

The placard was immediately torn down by the police, but no attempt was made to discover and punish its authors.

The people will not believe that the emperor's senility is improving, as it certainly is for the moment. They would not believe official bulletins if they were issued, yet they petulantly complain of the neglect to issue them, and put all the blame on the empress and Dr. Mackenzie.

It is reported that Mr. Winans is going to give up the greater part of his deer shooting ranch in Scotland, the possession and administration of which have earned him such genuine hatred all through the Highlands. It is declared that the Baltimore millionaire has not fired a cartridge for two years, and has wisely decided that it is not worth while to keep the preserve simply to furnish sport to gamekeepers, and to stir up hatred among his neighbors. It is also suggested that he may have been influenced by the dread of having to encounter organized deer raids, such as that which almost stirred up civil war in the lowlands, and which have put a decided damper on highland sport generally.

The following questions, put a day or two ago to the chairman of the city police, and which had practically to be answered in the affirmative, reveal a curious state of affairs in the much vaunted police of this city:

Is it a fact that there are over 200 men on the city police force bandaged up, suffering from varicose veins, ruptured, and otherwise physically incapacitated for active service? Also is it a fact that an inspector has one glass eye and is nearly blind in the other, and although he has been forty-two years in the service he is not yet pensioned off? Is it a fact that there are several other detective sergeants who have been in the service upward of thirty-seven years, who, although physically incapacitated, are dragging out a miserable existence in active service? Is it a fact that no facilities are offered for promotion until men are too old?

In defense of the case of the inspector with the glass eye, it was said that he had a glass eye, but he could see pretty well with the other.

John L. Sullivan, who appeared at the grand national race gorgeous in light clothing, backed the Prince of Wales' horse, perhaps as a recognition of Albert Edward's courtesy on a former occasion, but only to the extent of $20. It is not at all likely, by the way, that Sullivan will get any other fight on during his stay in England. His misfortune in France has not rid other fighters of their respectful dislike of his right, damaged though it is. He will probably leave for America next month. Edward Holske, who has just sailed, and who managed Sullivan's business in England has advised him to take as big a benefit as he can get on his return to Boston and retire forever. Sullivan, however, intends to go on fighting, if he can find any one to fight with.

Baseball in the Antipodes.

CHICAGO, March 26.—It is announced by Mr. A. G. Spalding that he has completed arrangements to take a party of from twenty-two to twenty-five baseball players to Australia next fall. The party will play ball in all the large cities of that country during the winter. It is Mr. Spalding's personal enterprise and he will incur an expense of $30,000 in carrying it out. Capt. Anson will have charge of the teams, which will be composed of the best players of the league.

Railroads

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, November 14, 1887.

	WESTWARD	Exp A.M.	Mail P.M.
Leave	Lock Haven	9 00	3 40
	Flemington	9 05	3 45
	Mill Hall	9 09	3 48
	Beech Creek	9 25	4 03
	Eagleville f	9 30	4 08
	Howard	9 44	4 22
	Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 32
	Curtin	10 01	4 38
	Milesburg	10 12	4 48
	Bellefonte	10 25	5 00
	Milesburg	10 35	5 10
	Snow Shoe Int	10 38	5 14
	Unionville	10 48	5 24
	Julian	11 59	5 33
	Martha	11 09	5 47
	Port Matilda	11 19	5 56
	Hannah f	11 26	6 03
	Fowler f	11 29	6 08
	Dix f	11 32	6 11
	Bald Eagle	11 38	6 19
	Vail	11 43	6 24
Arrive at	Tyrone	11 55	6 31
	EASTWARD	P.M.	A.
Leave	Tyrone	7 15	8 16
	East Tyrone	7 22	8 17
	Vail	7 28	8 26
	Bald Eagle	7 38	
	Dix f	7 39	
	Fowler f	7 42	8 3.
	Hannah f	7 46	8 13
	Port Matilda	7 55	8 13
	Martha	8 05	8 51
	Julian	8 15	8 56
	Unionville	8 26	9 11
	Snow Shoe Int	8 36	9 18
	Milesburg	8 39	9 22
	Bellefonte	8 49	9 32
	Milesburg	9 01	9 47
	Curtin	9 11	10 01
	Mount Eagle f	9 17	10 06
	Howard	9 27	10 16
	Eagleville f	9 40	10 30
	Beech Creek	9 45	10 35
	Mill Hall	10 01	10 50
	Flemington f	10 05	10 54
Arrive at	Lock Haven	10 10	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 13th, 1887.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.42 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.50 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 13th, 1887.

	WESTWARD.	Mixed. P.M.	Mixed. A.M.
Leave	Scotia	12 15	5 00
	Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
	Penn'a Furnace	1 05	5 40
	Hostler f	1 11	5 50
	Marengo f	1 17	5 55
	Loveville f	1 20	6 00
	Furnace Road f	1 27	6 10
	Dungarvin	1 30	6.13
	Warriors Mark	1 50	6 25
	Pennington	2 07	6 40
	Weston Mill f	2 20	6 50
	L. and T. June	2 26	6 55
	Tyrone	2 35	6 58
	EASTWARD.	Mixed. P.M.	Mixed. A.M.
Leave	Tyrone	4 30	9 20
	L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
	Weston Mill f	4 40	9 32
	Pennington	4 55	9 45
	Warriors Mark	5 05	9 55
	Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
	Furnace Road f	5 25	10 12
	Loveville f	5 26	10 16
	Marengo f	5 30	10 22
	Hostler f	5 40	10 38
	Penn'a Furnace	5 50	10 44
	Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
	Scotia	6 25	11 30

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 20th, 1887.

Dis.	Westward			Eastward		
	a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m
0	5.50	1.30	.....MONTANDON.....	5.30	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.15	1.40	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.15	1.40	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar	.....	9.00	5.35
5.4	6.24	1.48	.....Biehl f.....	.....	8.51	5.26
6.8	6.30	1.55	.....Vicksburg f.....	.....	8.45	5.20
10.7	6.41	2.05	... MIFFLINBURG...	.....	8.35	5.0[illegible]
13.1	6.48	2.11	.....Barber f.....	.....	8.29	5.01
15.2	6.54	2.16	.....Swengle f.....	.....	8.24	4.56
16.1	6.56	2.20	.....Miliheim.....	.....	8.22	4.53
18.6	7.05	2.30	.....LAURELTON.....	.....	8.13	4.43
23.5	7.12	2.37	.....Pardee f.....	.....	8.01	4.30
24.7	7.15	2.40	.....Weikert f.....	.....	7.57	4.24
28.9	7.30	2.55	.....Cherry Run f.....	.....	7.48	4.16
32.2	7.40	3.03	..Paddy Mt. Tunnel f..	.....	7.40	4.08
33.9	7.45	3.09	.....Fowler f.....	.....	7.36	3.57
36.6	7.52	3.15	.....Coburn	.....	7.27	3.55
39.6	7.58	3.20	.....Zerby f.....	.....	7.19	3.45
43.4	8.10	3.35	.....Rising Springs.....	.....	7.10	3.35
46.2	8.18	3.45	.....Penn's Cave f.....	.....	7.00	3.27
49.2	8.25	3.54	....CENTRE HALL.....	.....	6.52	3.20
51.6	8.33	3.59	.....Gregg f.....	.....	6.43	3.13
54.6	8.42	4.08	.....Linden Hall.....	.....	6.36	3.05
56.7	8.48	4.15	.....OAK HALL.....	.....	6.30	3.00
58.3	8.52	4.19	.....LEMONT.....	.....	6.26	2.55
60.2	8.59	4.25	.....Dale Summit f.....	.....	6.20	2.50
63.9	9.09	4.35	.....Pleasant Gap f.....	.....	6.10	2.40
65.2	9.14	4.41	.....Axeman f.....	.....	6.04	2.34
67.4	9.20	4.45	.....BELLEFONTE.....	.....	6.00	2.30

CHAS E. PUGH.....General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON.....General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL.....Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Oct. 17, 1887.

EASTWARD. No. 4.	No. 2.	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	WESTWARD. No. 1.	No. 3
P. M.	A. M.				A. M	P. M
6 19	9 14	18.	Ar..Bellefte..Lv	0.	6 30	3 30
6 09	8 59	14.7	....Hastings, F...	3.2	6 42	3 43
6 00	8 52	12.5	.....Hunters	5.5	6 48	3 50
5 56	8 47	11.2	.....Fillmore	6.8	6 54	3 55
5 51	8 42	10.	....Sellers, F....	8.	6 58	4 00
5 45	8 36	8.	.....Waddles	10.	7 04	4 06
5 25	8 11	3.2	...Thompson, F..	14.8	7 25	4 32
5 20	8 07	2.	.....Krumrine ...	16.	7 30	4 37
5 13	8 00	0.	...State College,..	18.	7 36	4 43

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Trains 2 and 4 connect with Trains East and West on Bald Eagle Valley Railroad and Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 13th, 1887

	WESTWARD.	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 25 p m
" "	Harrisburg	3 30 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 10 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven	7 58 a m
" "	Renovo	8 50 a m
" arr at	Erie	4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 15 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 30 p m
" "	Renovo	4 30 p m
" "	Kane	8 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in	Bellefonte at	5 00 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a m
" "	Harrisburg	3 45 p m
" "	Williamsport	7 10 p m
" arr at	Lock Haven	8 02 p m
"	Renovo	9 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phil'a	4 30 a m
" "	Harrisburg	7 40 a m
" " "	W'm'spo't	10 35 a m
" " "	Lock Haven	11 35 a m
" " arr. at	Renovo	12 30 p m
	EASTWARD.	
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L.Haven	7 05 a m
" " "	Jer'y S're	7 35 a m
" " "	W'msp't	8 15 a m
" " arr. at	Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
" " "	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP leaves	Kane	6 25 a m
" "	Renovo	10 20 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 15 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 20 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 13 p m
" "	Philadelphia	6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	2 45 p m
" "	Renovo	11 00 p m
" "	Lock Haven	11 58 p m
" "	Williamsport	1 25 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 20 a m
" "	Philadelphia	8 25 a m
RENOVO ACM leaves	Renovo daily	4 05 p m
" arrives at	Harrisb'g	9 30 p m
" "	Philadelphia	4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. R. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. R. & P. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

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No. 3.—"Christ before Pilate," 22 by 28 inches in size, photo-etching	1.00
No. 4.—"Christ on Calvary," 22 by 28 inches in size, Mezzo-gravenre	1.00
No. 5—"Our Homes; How to Beautify Them," 150 illustrations, bound in cloth and gold, published December 20th, 1887	1.00
Total	$6.50

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Address REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa

—"My good man," said the worthy lady who had given the tramp a large, plateful of victuals, "pardon me for making the suggestion, but would you not enjoy your repast fully as well, if not better, if you should follow the custom that has always prevailed in this household and invoke a blessing on your food before you begin?" "Madam," replied the hungry tourist, with his mouth full "me and Chauncey Depew always does our best talkin' after we've ett."

DON'T

Let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself.

The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Bosche's German Syrup. If you don't know this already thousands and thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it, and know how it is themselves. Bottle only 75cts. Ask any druggist.

Man was given the command to conquer the earth and subdue it, but he has not yet found a way to cope with blizzards, drouths and potato bugs.

Itch, mange, and scratches of every kind on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist, Bellefonte. 20-2-6m.

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The pain from Neuralgia and its companion disease Rheumatism is excruciating. Thousands who could be quickly cured are needlessly suffering. Ath-lo-pho-ros will do for others what it did for the following parties:

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CHAUNCEY B. REDDICK.

Mt. Carmel, Ill., Dec. 26, 1887.
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Wretched men and women long condemned to suffer the tortures of dyspepsia, are filled with new hope after a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This budding hope blossoms into the fruition of certainty, if the Bitters is persisted in. It brings a reprieve to all dyspeptics who seek its aid. Flatulence, heartburn, sinking at the pit of the stomach between meals, the nervous tremors and insomnia of which chronic indigestion is the parent, disappear with their progenitor. Most beneficent of stomachics! who can wonder that in so many instances it awakens grateful eloquence in those who, benefited by it, speak voluntarily in its behalf. It requires a graphic pen to describe the torments of dyspepsia, but in many of the testimonials received by the proprietors of the Bitters, these are portrayed with vivid truthfulness. Constipation, biliousness, muscular debility, malarial fevers and rheumatism are relieved by it.

—Listen did any say it is time to make garden?

The treatment of many thousands of cases of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded a vast experience in nicely adapting and thoroughly testing remedies for the cure of woman's peculiar maladies.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the outgrowth, or result, of this great and valuable experience. Thousands of testimonials, received from patients and from physicians who have tested it in the more aggravated and obstinate cases which had baffled their skill, prove it to be the most wonderful remedy ever devised for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect Specific for woman's peculiar ailments.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

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"Favorite Prescription," when taken in connection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and small laxative doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder diseases. Their combined use also removes blood taints, and abolishes cancerous and scrofulous humors from the system.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, **under a positive guarantee,** from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

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HAY-FEVER

when applied into the nostrils, will be absorbed effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane of the nasal passages from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores sense of taste and smell.

NOT a LIQUID or SNUFF

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A sure and safe specific for weakness and debility of the nervous system, and general exhaustion arising from youthful imprudence, excesses and overwork of body and brain, causing physical and mental weakness, loss of memory and sexual incapacity. CURES OLD and YOUNG Price $1 per box. Prepared and for sale at Dr Hobensack's Laboratory, No. 206 N. 2d Street, Phila. Send for circular.

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FAIRICON!

The above cuts are made from photographs of the discoverer of this wonderful remedy, the first one showing him while perfectly bald, and the second after he had restored his hair by means of the FAIRICON. This preparation is a perfectly harmless hair remedy, the result of a scientific study of the causes governing the growth of hair, and contains all the elements of which hair is composed. Does not contain any sugar of lead, nitrate of silver or other poisonous substance. We particularly invite those who have unsuccessfully tried some or all of the various so-called hair tonics, restorers, &c., to make a test of the Fairicon, and we will *guarantee* that it brings about a new growth unless the roots of the hair be entirely dried up, which latter occurs very rarely and exists in perhaps not more than five cases out of a hundred.

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payable to anyone who will prove that our statements are not correct.

FAIRICON No. 1, price 50 cents per bottle, is for heads entirely or partially bald.

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FAIRICON No. 3, price 75 cents per bottle, is invaluable as a HAIR DRESSER, especially for ladies. If applied to the head occasionally, it will renew the growth of hair that is falling out, keep it smooth and glossy, remove all dandruff and keep the scalp perfectly clean. IT IS A CERTAIN REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP and will preserve the hair of anyone using it, for the balance of life. While it is used, neither total nor partial baldness need be feared.

FECHTER'S FAMOUS FAIRICON is for sale by all druggists or can be sent by the manufacturers on receipt of price. Send for circular containing history of the discovery of this rem

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Is this Spring, gentle Annie?
And are the bizzards past?
Are spring breezes on their eyre,
To scatter the borean blast?

These are questions only, Annie,
Not prognostications dear;
And if the balmy breeze continues,
We'll all yell, "Spring is here!"

—The tomato plant is peeping above ground.

—The moonlight was beautiful Friday evening.

—The roads are in a desperately bad condition.

—President Judge Wilson, of Tioga county, is ill.

—Cornelius N. Shaw, managing editor of the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, died on Tuesday morning.

—On Saturday March 31, the General Council of the Aaronsburg charge of the Evangelical Lutheran church will meet in Millheim.

—Williamsport has labored for years to have the streets lighted by electricity, but has not yet succeeded. Bellefonte's street lights shine steadily.

—Allen G. Thurman says he would be ashamed to call himself a Democrat if he left his politics shield the Ohio tally sheet forgers. Mr. Thurman is not after the Presidential nomination.

—The ice gorge at Lock Haven yielded to the rising waters and sailed serenely down in the bosom of the Susquehanna. Now perhaps the fears of flood are flown for another season.

—The railroad bridge near Flemington has been placed in a somewhat dangerous condition by recent high water and trains passed over it on Friday very carefully, no accident having happened thus far.

—In seven wards of Philadelphia where there are now 1311 liquor saloons only 335 have been granted this year. If the same rate of reduction is continued all over the city the present number, 6,000, will decrease to 500.

—Railroad strikes are costly affairs. Reports from the West represent that the strike on the Burlington road has already cost that corporation six millions of dollars, and some of the stockholders talk of having a receiver appointed in order to put an end to the trouble.

—The horse owned by Mr. Kirk Johnson and used by him in his express business slipped and fell, on Thursday afternoon, breaking one of its legs. The animal was shot to put an end to its sufferings. It was quite a valuable horse and the accident is a great misfortune to Mr. Johnson.

—Bronson Alcott was a vegetarian, and often criticised meat eaters harshly. To one of them he declared one day that the eater of mutton becomes a sheep, the eater of pork becomes a hog, etc. "And is it also true," interposed the other, "that eaters of vegetables become small potatoes?"

"A passenger on a Missouri train," reflectively observes a Western contemporary, "was shot at by a citizen and saved by a citizen and saved by a plug of tobacco which stopped the bullet. Still there are people who insist on using fine cut. What good would a wad of fine cut in the vest pocket do while passing through Missouri?"

—Seven loaded cars were pretty badly wrecked by the breaking of an axle about one mile east of Vail station, on the Bald Eagle Valley road, at an early hour Friday morning. Tyrone wreck crew was called out and after about four hours work had the track clear, and the passenger train, which had been detained, was allowed to proceed on its way. No one hurt.

—In Huntingdon county, this year, all the licenses were refused, which is a cleaner sweep than that of last year, there being a brewery, a distillery and bottling works open. Now there will be no place in the county where liquor can legally be sold. Landlord Swoope, of the Hotel Brunswick, has notified all guests to seek quarters elsewhere as he will close the hotel. The others will continue on a reduced scale. Associate Judges McCarthy and Foreman overruled the President Judge in this decision.

—In Hollidaysburg there has been a telephone in the Prothonotary's office in the court house. The whole town used it and the Altoona people called it so often that its existence in the Prothonotary's office became a great nuisance. Superintendent Bailey ordered its removal. This has surprised the business men of Altoona and forty or fifty of them protest that if the "phone" at Hollidaysburg is not reinstated they will give up their own instruments and patronize some new company.

—It is amusing and of course gratifying to us to notice how eager the ambitious newspaper scribes are to retire from any discussion in which they attempt to engage with us. The *Watchman* on the tariff question and the *Centre Democrat* on the attendance of the ladies at court are notable and thrilling instances. The truth is, the REPUBLICAN first makes sure it is right and then goes ahead, but even considering the fact that the scribes mentioned treat the weak sides of the arguments, they make a very poor stagger in the discussions.

FURNACE FIRE LIGHTED.

The Torch Applied to the Fire of Valentines' Ore Company's Furnace.

HOW IT WAS ACCOMPLISHED THURSDAY MORNING.

At about 10 o'clock last Thursday the fire was started in the large and modern iron furnace of Valentines' Ore Company.

It was, indeed, an important and auspicious event, and fully seventy-five ladies and gentlemen assembled to witness the operation.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Daniel Garman, we were conveyed at very rapid speed to the furnace, eager to felicitate ourselves on so important an event. We noticed in the assembly, Rev. William Laurie, D.D., and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. James Potter, James Harris and wife. Of course, Mr. Bell was there as he is one of the superintendents, and his wife was also present with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schroyer. Mr. Maitland and Mr. Mann looked on with many smiles of satisfaction. Miss Mary Devling was there and was, at least for the time being, the most important of all the personages, for it was whispered that she was to light the mighty fire which should suffuse life, light and power through all the great cylinders and network of machinery. Mr. Hart, noted as a careful and accurate business man, circulated freely among the people, intent on seeing that all the arrangements should progress exactly right while the finishing touches were being put to the preparations. James Potter took pity on the famished condition of the party who had started out without baeakfast and supplied crackers, apples and dried meats generally from paper sacks.

Miss Devling is the excellent cashier of the company and when the important movement arrived she was conducted to the mouth of the furnace by Mr. Jones Wister, of Philadelphia, who is the President of the company. She applied the torch very gracefully and soon the flames were flickering and radiating in the mammoth furnace vault and the smoke curled and wreathed with auspicious significance from the top of the lofty smoke stack, which towers 172 feet into the sky.

Rev. Dr. Laurie was called on for an address but blushingly declined. The officials were congratulated, not an incident occurred to mar the event, the whistle screamed with a suppressed joy never noticed before, one by one, the company retired from the really pleasant scene, after they had given three cheers for the furnace and Miss Devling.

We hope that the starting of the fire so auspiciously may be but an index and precursor of all the future career and history of the new Valentines furnace.

The Last Car Not Safest.

"Passengers have an idea." said an old conductor yesterday, "that the last car in the train is the safest, but they are greatly mistaken. During an experience of twenty-two years in the railroad business, I always avoid the last car. My reasons will be apparent when I explain.

"If a rail should happen to be broken, the last car is the one that is most liable to jump the track. The engine and the other cars may pass over safely. You see the cars keep the rail in place, but when the last car is reached, there is nothing to brace the parts, the fractured portion is knocked out of position and the last car is on the ties. To illustrate, I remember I was riding in a caboose one time when I met with a most painful accident. We encountered a broken rail, and as is often the case, the engine and a long train passed over all right. The caboose, being the last car was thrown from the track, and we rolled over and over. There was a red-hot stove in the cabin, and I was horribly burned before the train could be stopped. One or two of the brakemen were severely injured. I have come to the conclusion that there is as much danger in the rear end of a train as there is in the forward part. Should the train stop another one is likely to telescope you. On some of the Western roads the common passenger coaches are carried behind and the sleepers are put in the center of the train, for no other reason than the latter one given.

—Rev. John J. Pearce, after 44 years of active service in the Methodist ministry, has retired and takes a supernumerary relation from this date. He has resided at Lewistown for four years past, and during the last year served the church at McVeytown. During his long service Mr. Pearce has filled many important stations, both in this and other Conferences. Twice, if not three times, he has been presiding elder, his last service of this kind being in Williamsport District, at the conclusion of which he went to the Juniata as pastor of the church at Lewistown. After retiring from active service he will probably take up his residence for a short time at Chester, when he will locate permanently in Williamsport.

—John Schweitzer, a well known base ball player, was arrested in Harrisburg last week on the charge of having caused the death of his wife. He stated that his wife came home intoxicated, and that he attempted to carry her up-stairs to bed when she fought him. He choked her, but she did not complain that night. The next morning she got up and dressed, but soon went back to bed again. He remained with her until she died. The coroner's jury came to the conclusion that her death was from pneumonia, and not from brutal treatment at the hands of her husband, and Schweitzer was accordingly discharged.

DEATH'S SHADOW.

Hickman Ingram and James N. Blair.

At 6 o'clock a. m on Thursday Hickman Ingram, of this place, peacefully passed away from earth. His soldier friends, who were with him so much during his illness, gave him their supporting presence in his final hours. Like the true and brave man he was, he met death without a feeling of fear, fought his last fight, passed the dark portals and entered upon the rest that remaineth to the children of God.

Those who knew Hickman Ingram (and he was a native of this place and hence very generally known) must feel a sentiment of awe as they contemplate the fact of his death. The noble, stalwart man, generous as he was brave, a model soldier during the civil conflict, an industrious, capable man, attacked by disease,—consumption—battling it manfully and at length cut down like the great oak of the forest by the woodman's axe.

JAMES N. BLAIR.

At Unionville, on Tuesday, March 20, occurred the death of James N. Blair, son of Susan and Robert Blair, aged 14 years. This death occurred at 12 minutes before 3 o'clock in the afternoon; the interment being in the Upper Union graveyard. He was a bright, lovable lad and surviving friends will deeply mourn his death.

Copper in Tussey Mountain.

Considerable excitement has been caused by a big find of copper ore in Liberty township, Bedford county, the particulars of which we get from the Martinsburg *Herald* as follows:

For a year or more past Christ M. Snyder a blacksmith, of Henrietta, has been devoting all of his spare time, as well as cash, to sinking small prospective shafts on his Tussey mountain tract of 112 acres, with a view to the possible discovery of copper ore of sufficient richness to justify mining. Rich lodes of outcrop of the same metal bearing ore having been previously discovered on the extreme top of the monntain, along the road side to Saxton. This off-handed system of prospecting at length resulted in the sinking of a shaft to the depth of 35 feet at a point where the outcropping copper ore was first discovered. The product of this shaft showed a well defined vein, or veins of copper bearing ore, with traces of silver varying in thickness but constantly increasing in richness as the shaft sunk deepened. This was in early winter, and then with its closing in the shaft for lack of funds on Mr. Snyder's part to continue the work was abandoned, and probably, would have remained as found had not John T. Shirley, Esq., of this place brought the matter to the notice of W. S. Taylor, Esq., the youngest son of our old friend, the late Hon. Judge Taylor and also an attorney of Huntingdon, Pa., who at Mr. Shirley's request was prevailed upon to visit the abandoned shaft and in turn to bring the results of his several visits and investigations to the attention of certain well known capitalists, who were at last prevailed upon by Messrs. Taylor and Shirley to lend a helping hand towards development of the mineral resources of the tract. The result has been simply astonishing, being no less than the discovery of a vein of solid copper ore over one foot thick, and surpassing in richness anything of the kind heretofore discovered on this continent, the analysis showing it to carry almost 75 per cent. of pure copper, and over 250 ounces of silver to the ton.

Now this is the entire story in brief, and a solid glistening belt of pure copper ore out in the drift on "Old Tussey's" solid knob awaits the incredulous with its mute, but undeniable attestation of the truthfulness of the story.

James N. Blair.

We have heretofore noted the death of James N. Blair, son of Susan and Robert Blair, which occurred in Unionville, on Tuesday, March 20. The funeral occurred at 1 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, and the burial was in the Upper Union Cemetery at Unionville. Surviving friends deeply mourn the death of James at an age so full of hope and inspiration for the future:

Our darling James, it is for thee
These tears of sorrow rain,
Death to thee is victory,
And loss to us is gain.

E en as they fall I feel thy hand
Laid softly on thy head,
And hear thy gentle sweet command,
"No tears for thee to shed."

Oh loving heart, so true, so kind,
Oh hand so warm so free—
Where shall we turn again to find
A guide, a friend like thee!

—The Northwest laughed before it was out of the woods when it boasted of its spring weather to blizzard-stricken New York. A report from near Havana, Minn., was to the effect that a passenger train was snowed up and its occupants in need of the necessaries of life. Perhaps they call this spring weather in the Northwest, but in most other places it goes by another and far chillier name.

A NEW CHAPEL.

DEDICATED BY THE PRESBYTERIANS OF STATE COLLEGE AND VICINITY.

The Altoona *Tribune* contains the following description of the dedication services at the new Presbyterian chapel at State College, which took place on Sunday, March 18:

On Sabbath morning a beautiful new house of worship was dedicated to God by the Presbyterian people at State College, and vicinity. It was built by the Spring Creek church, under the pastoral care of Rev. R. Hamill, D. D., and is a most gratifying token of the spirit and progressiveness of this church and its pastor. This and the church at Lemont are two of the most comely and attractive church buildings to be found anywhere among the hills and valleys of Pennsylvania. The Spring Creek church is rich in the possession of two such houses.

The new church building faces the grounds of the State college, is semi-Gothic with a shapely spire, stained windows, tasteful interior finish and decorations. It has a wing for Bible classes and a lower room for infant class. Its seating capacity is about three hundred, although many more were crowded in on the day of dedication, when morning and evening every available inch of room was utilized. The building cost something in excess of $4,000 and is free of debt.

A flourishing Sunday school has been organized and the whole community feels already the impulse of a stronger religious life.

Rev. J. L. Russell, of the Second Presbyterian church of Altoona, preached in the morning on "The Elements of a Successful, Efficient Christian Church," and in the evening on "Saving Men." Rev. Dr. Hamill, pastor of the church, made a beautiful and pertinent address of dedication, part of which we append;

"DEAR BRETHREN: We are here to-day to make an offering to the Lord of this chaste and comely temple, built and paid for through your cordial liberality.

* * * * * * *

"Your desire for a house of worship in this locality has grown and strengthened until it took form and shape, and culminated in the purpose to arise and build, and the result is that to-day you enter this beautiful edifice to perform the first acts of religious worship and dedicate it as a house of God.

"You have done a good work and the Head of the Church will honor and bless you for your noble, generous act. You to-day rejoice in the accomplishment of a work, one in which heaven rejoices, and for which souls yet unborn of God will rise up and call you blessed.

"You have here erected a beautiful monument that will be fragrant with precious memories of you, when you shall have disappeared from this scene of action and have passed into the upper sanctuary. * * *

"Here may you who are God's people find your graces quickened, your spiritual strength renewed! Here may you have precious communications of God's grace! Here may God, the Father, reveal Himself to be lovingly your Father! Here may God, the Son, reveal Himself to be preciously your Redeemer and sympathizing Elder Brother! Here may God the Holy Ghost, reveal Himself to be your blessed Comforter and Sanctifier.

* * * * *

"We dedicate this house of God as a house of praise, as a house of spiritual instruction, as a house of heavenly devotion, as a house of brotherly communion.

"The ancient temples were dedicated with sacrifice of slain beasts. Let us dedicate this temple with a loving sacrifice of ourselves and of all our powers unto God."

—It is intimated that the bill for erecting a monument at Point Pleasant, in West Virginia, which has been favorably reported by the House Library Committee, is intended in part to reclaim from Lexington and Concord their honors as the first battlefields of the Revolution. This, however, would be a good deal more of a job to undertake than merely erecting a shaft, no matter what inscription might be put on it. It is true that Gov. Dunmore of Virginia, during whose war with the Indians, in 1774, Col. Lewis' gallant fight at the mouth of the Great Kanawha occurred, was accused of stirring up strife with the red men in order to weaken the cause of the colonists; and was even alleged that he hoped for the destruction of the 1,200 men whom Logan, Cornstalk and other chiefs attacked unsuccessfully at that place. But these accusations would hardly give that war with the Indians the character of the opening of the Revolution. The atrocious murder by whites of the family of the famous Logan, whose "speech" is still famous, had produced retaliations by his tribe, and then war followed. The gallantry with which the battle at Point Pleasant was fought well deserves some sort of memorial, although it is not best to take the occasion for constructing inferential history.

—Information is wanted concerning the whereabouts of John S. Butler, aged about 19 years, who left his home in Huntingdon about a year ago and has not been heard from since. The last report was that he was in Pittsburg on the 16th of March, 1887, with his uncle, whom he left, and it is not known where he went to. His mother, Mrs. Emma Butler, Huntingdon, Pa., will be thankful for any information concerning the boy's present address.

GREAT FREIGHT WRECK.

The Tyrone *Herald* of Thursday gives an account of a great freight wreck at Barree Station, which occurred in the afternoon of that day, as follows:

A disastrous freight wreck occurred at Barree Station on the main line this afternoon caused by a broken axle. Ten cars at least are piled up and both tracks are blocked. The station building is wrecked and one car is standing partly in the waiting room.

Three tramps were killed and three or four more men, also supposed to be tramps, are still under the wreck. Several other tramps were injured and two of the number will die.

The station agent and operator at Barree were in their places and were completely covered with coal, but got out without serious injury.

The telegraph wires are all down and all the word received had to come by telephone. Everybody was excited and particulars were hard to get.

J. E. Newton who had only been on the road a couple of days had one of his legs broken, but so far as we have been able to learn no other railroaders were injured.

It was reported that the wrecked train was a Tyrone coal train, but as there seems to have been a car load of coke in the train this can hardly be true.

The gravel train with a number of railroaders from this place went to the scene of the wreck. Dr. Arnold went down on this train and Dr. Gemmil followed on a cabin car.

Reynolds' New Bank Building.

On Thursday afternoon we stepped into W. F. Reynolds & Co's new bank. The interior of the room is very handsome. A flood of light is admitted through the large and prettily shaped window in front, It is arranged in most respects like the old banking room, though much handsomer and more convenient. The furniture is particularly beautiful and ornamental, corresponding perfectly with the decorations on the walls. The small business room in the rear is situated as the former one was, but is supplied with a lavatory nicely fitted up and a couple of convenient closets. The enclosure which is designed for the use of the working force of the bank is supplied with the necessary tables and desks of handsome design and durable material. The dark, cavernous safe looks strong and substantial. The concluding part of the preparations are in progress.

—The scribe of the *Centre Democrat* writes in a vague way about some individual whom we mention too often to suit his (the scribe's) fancy. Of course, we don't know what individual the *Centre Democrat* scribe refers to, but this we known that we mention everyone who comes and goes, because everyone takes the REPUBLICAN, whether they are business men or merely quiet, retired residents. One thing we do not do which we notice quite prevalent in the *Centre Democrat*—we do not display private spite and spleen in the columns of the paper, as we believe to do so is not dignified journalism. A certain gentleman whom the *Centre Democrat* frequeutly attacks in a questionable way has invested part of his money in the Bellefonte Glass Works and also in the new creamery in Lemont. He has fully as much money invested here as the *Centre Democrat* scribe ever invested.

—The death of Mrs. Elmira M. Spicer, of Boggs township, which occurred on the 15th ult., was quite sudden and unexpected. She was taken with a very severe illness which at once bid defiance to medical treatment, causing intense suffering and ended her mortal career in about a week. She was the wife of Robert Spicer and the mother of one boy about 6 years old. Her age was 23 years, 10 months, and 10 days. She leaves a young husband, who is enterprising and provident, and did all in his power to make her happy. She died believing in Christ for redemption and her remains were interred in Messiah Church cemetery on the 18th, in the presence of a large concourse of friends, J. Zeigler conducting the services.

Letter List.

Following is a complete list of the letters remaining in the postoffice at Bellefonte, Centre county, Penn'a, March 19, 1888:

Mrs. Rebecca Brown, James Butler, Frank P. Fetzer, James Fulmer, Henry Gross, Miss Laura Henderson, Irvin Houser, Miss Mary Howard, Robert Miller, Giovanni Ramouda, Mrs. Mary Smith, John Splongier, Miss Minnie Stover, M. C. Warner.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—Mr. Kennelly, who was a fireman on an Ohio railroad, was killed on Sunday, the 18th, near Toledo. His body was brought to Spring Mills, in this county, for interment. His mother resides in Spring Mills.

KILLED AND INJURED IN THE WRECK.

The Altoona *Tribune's* special correspondent describes the wreck at Barree Station on Thursday afternoon as follows: There were five tramps on the ill-fated train, one of whom was killed, and two of the others so badly injured that their recovery is not expected. The name of the man who was killed can not be ascertained. Joseph Brumbaugh, a teamster, who was with his team just east of the station, had himself and horse covered with the debris of the wreck. The four injured persons and the body of the dead man were taken on mail west to Altoona.

The name of the man who was killed is unknown, and beyond the fact that one of his comrades stated that he was from the neighborhood of Scranton and that he was a miner by occupation, it was impossible to learn anything. The search of his person resulted in the finding of no papers which would lead to his identification. His breast was crushed in and he also sustained other hurts. He was 25 years of age, six feet tall and weighed about 180 pounds. He had grey eyes and one front tooth was missing. His hair was cut close. He wore jean pants, dark diagonal coat and vest, a brown jacket and balmoral shoes. The body was afterward taken in charge by Noel & Arthur, the county undertakers.

At the hospital the attending physicians and nurses were kept busy in dressing the wounds of the injured. As rapidly as possible their wounds were dressed and the men were put in the cots and made as comfortable as possible. The injuries of two of them were of such a nature as to render their recovery a matter of almost impossibility, this being especially true in the case of Thomas Murray. Rev. Father Smith, of St. John's Catholic church, being notified of the accident, went to the hospital and there administered to the spiritual wants of the sufferers who were members of the Catholic church.

The list of the injured includes the following:

J. E. Newton, brakeman, 21 years of age and single.

Thos. Murray, puddler by occupation, 26 years old, married and has a wife and two children.

John Madden, miner by occupation, 31 years of age and married.

James McDonough, miner by occupation, 38 years of age, married and has a wife and three children.

One of the Subscriptions.

This statement shows the receipts and expenditures as appearing on the subscription paper circulated by Mr. T. B. Budinger, of Snow Shoe, for the benefit of the late William Ostrander:

Merchandise paid, T B Budinger	$5 00
" " " John Marks	1 00
" " " Oscar Harns	1 00
Cash paid, Daniel Calahan	1 00
Cash paid, George Gladhill	1 00
Cash paid, Joseph Kelley	50
Mdse. paid, C L Cheesman	1 00
Mdse. paid, Al Bowen	50
Mdse. paid, Geo. Witherite	1 00
Cash paid, John R Confer	50
Cash paid, William P Confer	50
Cash paid, James Gates	50
Cash paid, Robert G Hayes	1 00
Mdse. paid, William Curry	50
Cash paid, J Bruner Graham	1 00
Cash paid, Frank Betz	25
Total	$16.25

March 15, Mrs. Wm. Ostrander.

To 2 pair hose	$ 49
" 1 shirt	1 00
" 1 box lye	25
" buttons	20
" collar	10
" one boy's suit	4 50
" shoes	1 00
" cash	3 30
" amount subscribed, not paid	1 00
" one lantern	80
" check mailed Mrs. Ostrander	3 70
Total	$16.25

Two Deaths in Snow Shoe.

William Nugent, section boss of the Beech Creek railroad, died on Wednesday night at 10 o'clock, after a short but severe illness, and was buried on Saturday morning at 9 a. m.

Thos. Kelley died on Monday morning March 19, and was buried in the Catholic graveyard on Wednesday at 9 a. m. Both of the above-named gentlemen were old and respected citizens, beloved by all who knew them. Both had lately purchased homes for themselves, but like Moses of old, were not permitted to enjoy the bliss which they had expected. The reaper, Death, has reaped with unsparing hand in our neighborhood for several weeks, especially among heads of families, and a feeling of sadness prevades the entire community.

Two Lists of Officers.

A communication from the State College informs us that officers recently elected are as follows:

Of the Y M C A—President Gilkey; Vice President, W H Walker; Secretary, J M Walker; Treasurer, F A Gilkey.

Of the Cresson Literary Society—President, James R Rose; Vice President, Harry Holmes; Critic, J M Walker; Recording Secretary, Charles Zirk, Jr.; Corresponding Secretary, L A Lawson; Editors, L A Samson and F A Gilkey.

—Sing a song of greenbacks,
And pockets lined with cash,
Big balance at my banker's
And my business full of dash!
The clerks behind my counters are busy every minute;
I'm advertising in the NEWS, and find there's money in it,
For it has five thousand readers, and my "ad," as you may see,
Brings every day a multitude of customers to me.

—Williamsport's new daily paper, the *Item*, has made its appearance and is said to meet a long-felt want. Long-felt wants seem to be more popular than short wants of velvet or broadcloth.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Disagreeable weather.

—Flits will soon be flying.

—Rural schools are closing.

—Country schools are closing.

—Saturday will be the time to flit.

—Trains are running regularly again.

—There are promises of plenty of mud.

—The mud is knee deep in some parts of the town.

—Stoves are multiplying and Spring trade is booming.

—Services in the Episcopal church every evening this week, except Saturday.

—If the law is carried out, one week from yesterday Luther Shaffer will be executed.

—The borough schools will have four days Easter vacation, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

—Mr. Hinkleman, of Penn street, will move into one of Rev. Mr. Woodcock's new houses on Lamb street.

—Snow three feet deep on some of the country roads is a condition of affairs unprecedented at this time of year.

—The attendance, on Sunday afternon, at the Y. M. C. A. meeting was again very large and full of religious interest.

—A lady in Lock Haven advertises that she has a fine, airy well furnished bedroom for a gentleman 12 feet square.

—Nature is particularly successful as a circus performer, this double compound, back-action Spring being the greatest on record.

—It is rumored that Luther Shaffer has confessed, exculpating Johnson from any participation in the murder of the Culveys.

—We believe that next Sunday is the time for the celebration of the Holy Communion in the Bellefonte Presbyterian church.

—The proposed diamond "trust" is a reprehensible enterprise. It means simply the formation of a big diamond ring. —*Philadelphia Press.*

—There will be two celebrations of the Holy Communion in the Episcopal church next Sunday—one at 8 a. m. and one at 10.30 a. m.

—Active operations have begun on the erection of Ellis Orvis, Esq's. new residence, just west of the Methodist parsonage on Linn street.

—The man who was found eating oysters out of the fisherman's barrel gave as his excuse that he believed in admitting raw material free.

—"Man proposes and God disposes," quoted a young man last night to his best girl. "I know one man who hasn't proposed yet," was her reply.

—The choir of the Episcopal church has been practicing beautiful Easter music and will render it next Sunday. The choir will be larger than usual.

—Ice cream is made daily during even the coldest weather by the Bellefonte dealers in the article and they have no lack of orders for the frozen sweetness.

—Representative Sir Knights of the Golden Eagle from this county were in Cameron, Pa., on Tuesday, to assist in the institution of Cameron Castle, No. 257, K. G. E.

—Robinson: "How about that note I hold of yours, Brown? I've had it so long that whiskers are beginning to grow on it." Brown: "Why don't you get it shaved, then?"

—A clergyman is lecturing on "The model husband." "He may mean well," says the editor of the local paper, "but we dislike to be taken about in such a public manner."

—"You have the advantage of us in one respect, doctor," remarked McCorkle to his familiy physician. "And what is that? "You don't have to wait for snow to go slaying."

—"Mamma, what's the matter with the weather?" asked Flora Fetherby this morning. "Why, my child, when the New Year got out of bed he put his hose on wrong side out—that's all.

—Police Sergeant: "Is the man dangerously wounded?" Irish police-surgeon: "Two of the wounds are mortal; but the third can be cured, provided the man keeps perfectly quiet for at least six weeks."

—Change the ground hog prediction. When he comes out next time on February 2 extend the time of his after hibernation to nine weeks instead of six No shorter period can span the cold weather.

—"Just think," said Mrs. Walkin to her maid, "the very next day after my new black dress was sent home I was called to go out of town to a funeral." "Wasn't that nice?" was the absent-minded reply.

—The drama, "The Stolen Will," is to be rendered at Beech Creek this week by the same persons who gave it recently in Eagleville. Has any one of the Bellefonte organizations made overtures to have the drama given here?

FUNERAL SERVICES.

Imposing Ceremonies in Memory of the Late Hickman Ingram.

On Saturday morning at the appointed hour many of the friends of the late Hickman Ingram met at his residence and listened to or took part in the ceremonies of respect attending the funeral. Rev. William Laurie, D. D., was the officiating minister at the house and preached the sermon. Present among the sympathizing friends were the members of Gregg Post, G. A. R., in uniform, and also members of the Knights of Labor, of both of which organizations deceased was a member. The presence of these bodies of citizens gave a formal and stately aspect to the ceremonies.

When the cortege moved to the cemetery it was formed in something like the following order: First the minister in a carriage.

Gregg Post, G. A. R.

The pall bearers who also constituted a guard of honor, consisting of three members of the Post, viz., Samuel Gault, Daniel Everhart and William Gehret; and three members of the Lodge 2333, K. of L., viz,, John Howley, John Trafford and Theodore Steele.

Finally, the Knights of Labor in a body.

At the grave the Post took charge of the exercises, performing the ritual services of the order, principally by the Commander, the Senior Vice Commander and the Chaplain. The emblems were laid on the grave by Post Commander Amos Mullen, Comrade William Fitzgerald and Comrade James Harris, the last-mentioned following with an extemporaneous address. The ceremonies ended with the Post Chaplain's address and benediction.

The deceased was 56 years of age. His place of birth was Chester, Pa. He has lived here many years and is known to most of the older and more prominent citizens of the town. He entered the war in September, 1864, being a member of the 200th regiment, P. V.

He remained in the war until it ended. Eight years ago he joined Gregg Post, G. A. R., and was a faithful and constant member.

Two Accidents.

A dispatch to the Altoona *Tribune* from Mifflintown, dated the 26th, states that on Saturday evening about 7 o'clock as John Albright, a brakeman on west bound Pennsylvania freight, was running back to the cabin on top of the cars as the train at Mifflin station was pulling through under the iron bridge used to haul coal cars. He did not notice that the train was running faster west than he was east over the top of it and as a consequence was overtaken and knocked off the train. He fell into the pit used to catch the ashes and cinders of the engines, but one leg stuck out over the track and the train ran over it. The company physicians amputated the leg below the knee and he will soon be out again, it is thought. He is a single man and a son of Henry Albright of Harrisburg.

On Sunday afternoon at the house of Murray Cunningham, about a mile west of there, occurred another of those accidents for which parents are sometimes to blame in allowing their children to fool with firearms. Samuel Cunningham, aged about 14, and his brother, about 10, were up stairs playing with a revolver which they loaded as they suppposed with blank cartridges, but the sequel proved otherwise. The little fellow took the pistol and pointing it at the older brother said, "I'll shoot you," and laughingly pulled the trigger. What was his horror to see Samuel fall and the blood pour down over his face. Dr. S. A. Souloff was sent for and an examination showed that the ball (22-calibre) had entered the forehead above the eye, and then turned upward, carrying out with it a piece of the bone, and ran along between the skull and scalp, coming out at the top of the head. The boy therefore makes a lucky escape.

Examinations.

The schedule of examinations which began to-day in the High School was as follows:

MONDAY.

Morning—Ad. Algebra and A. Algebra.

Afternoon.—A. Arithmetic and B. Algebra.

TUESDAY.

Morning—A Grammar and C and B History.

Afternoon—C Arithmetic and B Arithmetic.

WEDNESDAY.

Morning—Ad. and A Latin, Geometry and B and C Grammar.

Afternoon—B Physiology and C Physical Geography.

The Late Mrs. Hibler,

The mother of Dr. Augustus Hibler, whose death was recorded on Monday, was born in Frieburg, Baden, Germany, on the 25th day of December, 1803, making her age exactly 84 years and 3 months. Her husband, who still survives, but is very feeble, will be 85 years old on the 17th of April of this year. Her name was Amelia Crescentia.

She came to this country in August, 1860, locating first in Bellville, Mifflin county. In 1868 she came to Bellefonte and has resided here ever since. We erred on Monday in saying that she had been ill. Her death was solely due to old age which brought about the gradual decline of physical powers.

This couple are quite remarkable in the great age they have reached and their activity and cheerfulness. The Doctor will feel deeply the loss of his mother who has lived with him so long, and we can truly sympathize with her aged husband in being separated from his life companion.

Trial List for April.

FIRST WEEK.

Haines township vs B B Turnpike Co. C Dale for plaintiff, Beaver & Gephart for defendant.

Samuel Spangler vs Jesse Long. Spangler & Hewes for plaintiff, Fortney for defense.

Lazarus Moyer vs Martin Haley. Keller for plaintiff, Hasting & Reeder for defense.

W H Kremer vs Millheim Turnpike Co. Hastings & Reeder for plaintiff, Spangler & Hewes for defense.

Henry Brown vs John Divens. Fortney for plaintiff, Spangler & Hewes for defense.

David S. Bechdel vs Beech Creek Railroad Company. Keller for plaintiff, Peale for defense.

J H Ross vs C M Wentzell. Spangler & Hewes for defense.

Henry Brown vs John Divens. Fortney for plaintiff, Spangler & Hewes for defense.

J H Odenkirk vs Penna. Railroad Co. Spangler & Hewes for plaintiff, Blanchard for defense.

Joseph Brothers vs E S Shaffer. Orvis, Bower and Orvis for plaintiff, Heinle for defense.

Jacob Breckbill vs J P Seibring. Keller for plaintiff.

Jane Hackman vs G J Meyer. Orvis, Bower & Orvis for plaintiff, Meyer, Spangler & Hewes for defense.

John H Stover vs Frank B Stover. Keller for plaintiff, C Dale for defense.

SECOND WEEK.

Susan Gates vs A J Griest. Hastings & Reeder for plaintiff, Fortney for defense.

O C Gates vs Same. Counsel the same.

J B Gentzel vs A P Zerby. Beaver, Gephart & Dale for Plaintiff, Keller for defense.

Catharine McElwaine vs Austin Lucas. Ray for plaintiff, Keller for defense.

Mathew Adams vs Valentine & Co. Orvis & Bower for plaintiff, Love for defense.

John McCloskey et al vs D B Kunes. Orvis, Bower & Orvis for plaintiff, Hastings Reeder and Blair for defense.

Andrews & Whitney vs Stewart & Zerby. Beaver & Gephart for plaintiff, Keller for defense.

James Pierpoint vs James Gross et al. Orvis, Bower & Orvis for plaintiff, Beaver, Gephart, Dale and Love for defense.

Samuel Ripka et al vs Chas. Ripka's administrators, Orvis, Bower & Orvis for plaintiff, Spangler & Hewes for defense.

E S Crater vs Chas. Ripka's administrators. Same counsel as above.

Sarah E Burns vs McConnell & Co. Fortney for plaintiff, Spangler & Hewes for defense.

John R Sailor vs McConnell & Co Counsel same as above.

James Pierpoint vs James Cross et al. Bower & Orvis for plaintiff, Beaver, Gephart, Dale, and Love for defendant.

Joseph Potter vs John Ardell. Murray & Gordon for plaintiff, Orvis, Bower & Orvis for defense.

L F Brounell vs Boggs township. Orvis, Bower & Orvis plaintiff, Beaver, Gephart & Dale for defense.

Bunnell & Aikens vs Ellis L. Orvis. Spangler & Hewes for plaintiff, Orvis, Bower & Orvis for defense.

Marion L Milliken vs Bellefonte borough, Beaver, Gephart & Dale for plaintiff.

Dr. P T Musser vs William F Smith et al. Orvis Bower & Orvis for plaintiff, Fortney for Defense.

E L Krumrine vs G W Wolf. Heinle and Spangler and Hewes for plaintiff, Orvis, Bower & Orvis for defense.

P B Schwartz use of Wm. Mann. Hastings & Reeder for plaintiff, Orvis, Bower & Orvis for defense.

Snyder, Harris, Bassett & Co. vs J H Bibby. Beaver, Gephart & Dale for plaintiff, Spangler & Hewes for defense.

W A Stephens et al vs John P Seibring. Love for plaintiff, Orvis, Bower & Orvis for defense.

David Keller vs John Dale. Keller for plaintiff, C Dale for defense.

A. McMullen's ex'r's vs Isaac Yarnell. Fortney for plaintiff, C Dale for defense.

Lehigh Coal Co. vs Clearfield Bituminous Coal Co. Wolverton and Blanchard for plaintiff, Beaver, Gephart & Dale for defense.

Eliza I Curtin et al vs N V Railroad Co. Orvis, Bower & Orvis for plaintiff, Beaver, Gephart & Dale for defence.

E C Humes vs N V R R Co. Counsel same as above.

Susquehanna Mut. Ins. Co. vs Wm. Parker. Keller for plaintiff, Hastings & Reeder for defense.

—Mrs. Cleveland has recently stated that she considers newspapers, as at present conducted, dreadfully wicked and foolish publications. Poor lady, she never sees any papers except such as the Lock Haven *Democrat*. If she would only subscribe for a good, true and solid Republican journal like the DAILY NEWS, for instance, she would have reason to change her opinion—she would say newspapers are charming.

SNOW SHOE AGAIN.

THE NEWS THAT COMES TO US DOWN THE MOUNTAIN SIDE.

"Sue a beggar and you will catch a louse" is an old proverb and anyone who don't believe it should consult Snyder & Furey.

A. D. Rhue, formerly of Snow Shoe, but now residing at Gallitzin, Pa., is visiting his friends in this place.

That enterprising Granger, of Mountain Eagle, father-in-law of T. B. Budinger the merchant, paid Philipsburg and Snow Shoe a short visit last week.

S. Y. Lucas, a farmer living near Cato, one of the old settlers, has rented a new dwelling house, several of which were lately built by the Collins Brothers, near the new furnace, where he has secured employment for himself and his boys. He expects to move about April 1st.

The funeral of the late William Nugent was very largely attended.

John B. Leathers, that well known business man of Mountain Eagle, visited Snow Shoe on Thursday, accompanied by his son, Houpt, who has just become of age and has purchased the interest of Joseph Hartzel in the firm of Hartzel & Leathers. Hereafter the butchering business will be carried on by the firm of Leathers & Co.

T. B. Budinger has purchased from Mrs. E. A. Nolan what is known as the Collins property, and has several carpenters at work remodeling and repairing it. Mr. B. and family will occupy it as a residence when completed.

The cards are out for the wedding of G. A. Ritter, formerly agent of the Beech Creek Railroad Company, at Snow Shoe Summit, and Miss Mary Howard, which will take place at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, March 29th, at the residence of the bride's father, J. W. Howard, Moshannon, Centre county, Pa.

Henry Kech has rented from Boak Brothers the undertaking and blacksmith shop and purchased the hearse and stock on hand. He will continue the business of blacksmithing and undertaking at the old stand.

Rev. James Bruner Graham, formerly pastor of Snow Shoe circuit, is over six feet tall, but his successor, J. W. Bedford, is four inches taller. It certainly cannot be said of them that they are not long for this world.

Resolutions of Respect.

BELLEFONTE, PA., March 23, 1888.

At a special meeting of L. A. Assembly, No. 2333, Knights of Labor, on March 23, 1888, the following expression of sympathy was adopted:

WHEREAS, In His great wisdom, the Almighty has called from our midst and to his eternal reward, our fellow-laborer and respected brother, Hickman Ingram; therefore,

Resolved, That, in the demise of our brother, we recognize that our community has lost one of its foremost citizen, Local Assembly No. 2333, Knights of Labor, a worthy and influential member, his wife a devoted husband, and his children a kind and affectionate father.

Resolved, That we express our deep feelings of sympathy for his family in this trying honor of their affliction.

Resolved, That our charter be draped in black for a period of thirty days in respect to our deceased brother.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the weekly papers of Bellefonte, and a copy be sent to the family of our late brother; also that they be recorded in the minutes of this Assembly.

Committee { G. S. PEIFER, chiarman
G. W. YOUNG,
CHAS. HINKLEMAN.

Iron at the New Furnace.

The first regular cast of iron by the Centre Mining Company, at Valentines new furnace on Saturday at noon, attracted a hundred or more gentlemen and ladies to witness it. B. K. Jamison and Mr. Stewart, of the Valentine Ore and Land Association, were present on this occasion. Gen. D. H. Hastings, who officiated, introduced ex-Judge Orvis, who excused himself from making a formal address because he had made a contract not to speak and he would not usher in such an extensive improvement by breaking a contract. Burgess J. L. Spangler, Mr. James Milliken and others delivered addresses which were very pertinent and interesting. President Jones Wister, of the company, responded.

—A children's party was given on Saturday afternoon and evening at the home of Mr. A. J. Cruse, on East Linn street. It was especially in honor of Mr. Cruse's daughter, Miss Mary. About twenty-five young people were present. The refreshments were very choice and elegant. The excellent orchestra composed of Messrs. Jacob Lyon, Lemuel Beerley, Chas. Nau, Charles Smith, etc., rendered the music. The exercises moved on very pleasantly and entertainingly to the immense delight and exuberant joy of the children. It was decidedly the children's party of the season.

—A brakeman named Harshberger from McVeytown, who was employed on the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad was thrown or fell from a car of his train below Port Royal on Thursday night and had one leg crushed above the knee so badly that it will have to be amputated. He lay in the cold several hours before he could be removed. He was taken to Mifflintown on an engine sent for the purpose. Dr. L. Banks went along and did all he could for him, but at latest accounts his recovery was reported to be doubtful.

Personal Pencilings.

Adjutant General D. H. Hastings was an arrival in Bellefonte Wednesday morning.

Mr. Wilson, who now resides at Hannah Furnace, is about to remove to Sandy Ridge.

Mr. Even Valentine, of the firm of Valentine & Armstrong, Philadelphia, is visiting his relatives here.

Mr. Howard C. Yerger, who is a student at State College, has been spending this week at his parents' home here.

J. W. Mitchell, of Lemont, favored us with a call on Monday of this week. He is a prominent citizen of that place.

Mr. Harry Rine, returned home on Monday from Pittsburg, where he has been employed in C. G. McMillen's hotel.

Mrs. Wilmer Malin and her two daughters are in Harrisburg, the guests of Mrs. Beaver, while Governor Beaver is in the South.

Mr. Bairfoot, of this place, is convalescing from his recent severe indisposition, and was out enjoying the genial sunshine of Monday.

Ex-Governor Curtin, his handsome wife and his accomplished daughter, Miss Kate, arrived on the very late train from the West Friday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Conley are now in town and will make Bellefonte their future abode, Mr. C. associating himself with Mr. John Meese in the grocery business.

Kennedy school taught by Mr. Albert Lucas, in Howard township, closed on Tuesday, and Mr. L. arrived in Bellefonte Wednesday to remain during his vacation.

Mr. Tom Lucas, now teaching in Howard, spent Sunday in town. He finds Bellefonte the most agreeable place in Centre county in which to pass his leisure hours.

Mr. Henry Campbell, ex-commissioner, was in town last week and called at this office. He is a gentleman whom the world seems to use very well and who is satisfied with the world.

William Martin, a farmer and a reader of this paper, called Wednesday. He is one of the happy individuals who are rejoicing over the fact that he don't have to flit through the mud this year.

We notice the arrival Saturday of L. S. Moore, Gen'l Manager of Fairbanks Scale Co., Pittsburgh, who came to see their salesman William Burnside, who has been confined to the house by sickness the past month. Will is improving, and will soon be "Richard himself again."

Miss Mary Bradley, who returned from Philadelphia, last week, occupied her regular place, on Sunday, as organist in the Fpiscopal church. She touches the keys with great skill. While she was away from home her place was occupied by Mrs. F. P. Blair, who gave much satisfaction.

It was on Thursday afternoon of last week that the Messrs. Leitzel, two young men from Spring Mills, were in town One was en route to Chicago where he spent the past five years. The other was accompanying his brother this far on the return trip. Both are more than ordinarily bright young men.

Prof. J. Milton Furey and family will move from their present location on Spring street into one of Mr. Hoover's houses on Curtin street. Mr. Fees, of the glass works, who has been residing on Reynolds' Avenue, will move to East Howard street, Mr. Crawford, of Curtin street, will move to East Howard street, and the house now occupied by Mr. C. will hereafter be occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Meese, who move to town from the country.

DEATH OF AN AGED LADY.

Mrs. Hibler, the mother of Dr. A. Hibler, died at the Doctor's residence in this place on Sunday. She was 84 years and 3 months of age. Mr. and Mrs. Hibler have made their home with their son for many years, their declining days being made comfortable and happy by the presence of affectionate relatives. We hear that she had been ill for several weeks. Her illness and death will be a source of great grief to the venerable Mr. Hibler, who is also very aged. The interment took place on Tuesday at 2.30 p. m.

—"George, dear," she said with a blush, "do you know that Mr. Sampson asked me last night to be his wife?" "Well, I like his impudence. The idea of proposing to an engaged young lady. What did you say to him?" "I told him that I was very sorry indeed, but he was too late."

—In days of old when nights were cold, and snow in blizzards flew, a warrior bold said "Is this cold, is it cold enough for you?" We grabbed him by the hair, we smashed him with a chair; we climbed his frame and knocked him lame and filled him with despair.

—Mr. Tip Redding, of Garman's hotel, sports perhaps the longest moustache in Bellefonte. It don't look so very lengthy because it rests in graceful waves, but when stretched out to full length it measures nineteen inches.

Meeting of the Ananias Club.

A new secret society has been organized. They have named it the Ananias Club. At present it numbers only a half-dozen members, but others are being rapidly roped in. A lumber dealer has been elected president and a drug clerk is the secretary. A meeting was held last night and the President, in compliment to the club, for electing him to that position, volunteered to entertain the members with the first story.

"The fact is," he said gravely and innocently to his fellow members who were perched in ornamental attitudes on store boxes and chair-backs near him, "a most remarkable circumstance happened to me this morning. I keep, at my home on Linn street, some of the finest hens you ever set your eyes on. My cook has been throwing a great quantity of vituals into the hen house and the poor hens eat more than they could carry around. They begin to mope and look "down in the mouth" and I was quite concerned for them. On Sunday, before church, I had some spare time and I took one of the hens and skillfully cut open its crop, removing the surplus food I sewed it up neatly again and wrapped the hen in flannel cloth, placing it near the kitchen stove. I thought of that hen often while I was in church and when I got home I went to see how she was. To my surprise, the wound was healed perfectly and the hen was hunting around for something to eat. I put her out in the hen house, eat dinner and took a nap. When I went to the back part of the house about 4 o'clock I heard a very light tap at the kitchen door. Opening it, bless my eyes! if there wasn't that hen with five others following. The five were still suffering from too much victuals and the hen I had cured looked into my face just as if to say, "Please, Mr.——, cure my sisters the same as you did me." Well, I didn't have time to do it then, but if you'll all come around to my house about 8 o'clock next Sunday morning I will show you how I perform the operation."

After a few desultory remarks and appointing a member to tell a story next meeting night the meeting adjourned.

Not True.

The *Centre Democrat* reported that two cows had recently drowned in the reservoir. It is almost unnecessary for me to say that this is not true. While it is possible that the animals may have ventured inside the enclosure which surrounds the reservior, none have even touched the water. SAMUEL RYAN, Superintendent.

—This is Holy Week, commemorating the period of greatest sufferings of our Saviour previous to his death. Next Friday, which commemorates the crucifixion, is known as Good Friday and is a civil holiday as well as an occasion of deep religious devotion in the church. Sunday, April 1, will be Easter, when the church remembers the resurrection.

—The scarcity of fish in Bellefonte is ascribed to its high price. Wonder if the trouble with Canada has anything to do with it? For Canada's sake, we hope not as we have already a crow of unusually large proportions and dark color to pick with our northern neighbor for her great offense in sending us too much Manitoba weather.

—The M. E. Sunday-school of Milesburg will give an entertainment of Easter music in Boggs' Hall on Friday evening. It will be as excellent as are all entertainments managed by this Sunday-school and Mr. Eddy. The admission price will be only nominal. We predict a large attendance.

—Old lady (to grocer's boy): "Don't you know that it is very rude to whistle when dealing with a lady?" Boy:—"That's what the boss told me to do, mum." Old lady: "Told you to whistle?" "Yes'm. He said if we ever sold you anything we'd have to whistle for the money."

—X was paying attention to a rich widow. "Madame," he said, as he offered her a bouquet, "you grow more and more beautiful every day." "You exaggerate, my dear sir," exclaimed the lady, very much flattered. "Well, then, let us say every other day.

—The people who laugh at the idea of a country house being called "The Pines" or "The Cedars" think it perfectly proper to call an apartment rookery of twenty-dollar flats "The Saragossa" or "The Windimere."

—A little daughter of Trial-Justice Kyser, of Lexington, swallowed a silver quarter of a dollar. Dr. Hendrix made efforts to extract it, but only succeeded in recovering ten cents.

—The Bellefonte Silver Cornet Band is now a chartered institution. The charter was received on Monday and is a formidably document.

MARRIED.

ENGLE—SCHENCK.—At Beech Creek, Clinton county by Rev. A. W. Swengel, on Thursday evening, March 15, Mr. Charles Engle, of Beech Creek, and Miss Edith K. Shenck, of Howard, this county.

DIED.

BOWER.—At her home in Haines township, this county, on the 14th of March, Mrs. Cornelius Bower, aged 48 years, 2 months and 13 days.